BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1866. VOLUME XXXII----NUMBER 178.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE!

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

At the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

JOHN H. LYNDE. EV G. WHEELER.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court street, Boston.

Subscribers must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your subscription expires

BANGOR DAILY WHIG & COURIER

Calender for 1866.

	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan	1	2	3	4	5	6	Jul.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	7	8	9	10	11	12		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	14	15	16	17	18	19		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	21	22	23	24	25	26		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	28	29	30	31				29	30	31				
Feb					1	2	Aug.				1	2	3	4
	4	5	6	7	8	9		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	11	12	13	14	15	16		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	18	19	20	21	22	23		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	25	26	27	28				26	27	28	29	30	31	
Mch					1	2	Sep							1
	4	5	6	7	8	9		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
								30						
Apr	1	2	3	4	5	6	Oct.		1	2	3	4	5	6
	8	9	10	11	12	13		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	15	16	17	18	19	20		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	22	23	24	25	26	27		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	29	30						28	29	30	31			
May			1	2	3	4	Nov					1	2	3
	6	7	8	9	10	11		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	13	14	15	16	17	18		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	20	21	22	23	24	25		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	27	28	29	30	31			25	26	27	28	29	30	
Jun						1	Dec							1
	3	4	5	6	7	8		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	10	11	12	13	14	15		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	17	18	19	20	21	22		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	24	25	26	27	28	29		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
								30	31					

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. B. FOSTER,
Commission Merchant,
AUCTIONEER,
And Commercial Broker,

Office—At the Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company's Office.

Will Attend to the Sale of all descriptions of Merchandise and Real Estate by private or public sale.

Ballister & Batcheldor,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.
NO. 27½ PEARL STREET,
Jos. F. Ballister, M. Treat Batcheldor. BOSTON.
nov7 6m

H. L. MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW
NO. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
aug1 *BANGOR, MAINE.*

NICKERSON & PAINE,
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,
OFFICE - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block
(Up two flights of Stairs.)
Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. dawly

CHAS. HAMLIN,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
—OFFICE—
NO. 9 WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK'S BLOCK
Bangor, Oct. 26. 3mdaw

PENSIONS,
Bounties, & Arrears of Pay,
—PROCURED BY—
JAMES S. WILEY,
DULY AUTHORIZED CLAIM AGENT
DOVER, MAINE
☞ Block over Sawyer's Store. may2 d&wtf

NORCROSS PERKINS & HERSEY,
Shipping, Forwarding
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

A. W. NORCROSS. F. N. PERKINS. R. H. HERSEY.

Particular attention paid to consignments of vessels and merchandize. Cotton and sugars purchased on orders.

References—Hon. H. Hamlin, Collector of the Port; Hon. Geo. C. Richardson, Pres't Board of Trade; Messrs. Ewd D. Peters & Co, Pierce & Gleason, Boston—Haldane, Lawrence & Co. Chicago, Ill.; Geo. W. Jewett, Esq., Bangor; Hon. A. McGilvery, Searsport; Hon. N. G. Hichborn, Stockton; Messrs. Wm. Pitcher & Son, Belfast; Messrs. Wight & Case, Rockland. oct7 Stawdly

CROCKERY,
China and Glass Ware.

We are now opening NEW IMPORTATIONS

CROCKERY WARE,

In Every Variety, including New Patterns

DINNER, TEA and TOILET WARE.

Also, a large assortment of

FANCY WARE,

PLAIN, ROUGHED, & ENAMELLED VASES, FOR PAINTING, AND BELL KNOBS.

NO. 1 MAIN STREET.
dec 13 RICKER & IRELAND.

Norton & Doble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Edge Tools.—Painting of all kinds done to order. 17 tf

Bounty and Pensions.

I AM prepared to obtain BOUNTIES due to the friends of deceased soldiers, and PENSIONS for those disabled in the service.

Charges moderate and attention prompt.

Office on Hammond Street, opposite City Hall.

WM. C. CROSBY, Attorney.

Bangor, Feb. 20, 1864

United States Claim Agency

PERKINS & STEVENS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
ARMY & NAVY CLAIM AGENTS,
(Authorized by U. S. Government.)
No. 1 MAIN ST., BANGOR.

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY and PRIZE MONEY, and all claims against the Government, obtained for

Officers, Soldiers, Seamen,
AND THEIR HEIRS.

Claimants can apply by Letter or in person.

Information free of charge.

☞ Special attention given to suspended or rejected claims.

Perkins & Stevens,
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

REFERENCES:

Hon. H. HAMLIN, Vice President U. S.
Hon. JOHN H. RICE, M. C.
Hon. JOHN APPLETON, Chief Justice S. J. C.
Hon. JOHN E. GODDARD, Judge Prob.
December 20

Coal is the Cheapest Fuel when used in POND'S MAGIC Furnaces and Stoves,

WARRANTED, to be the *BEST HEATERS* in the World, and the *EASIEST TO MANAGE.* When a fire is made in the *FALL* it need not go out till *SPRING*, by Replenishing once a day, and one fire will last forty hours in mild weather, which no other Heater in the Market will do. For sale by SEMPLE & POND.
30 & 32 Main Street. Agents for Bangor.
aug 21

War Claims, Pensions,

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty, and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by

DANIEL SANBORN,
Office, Corner of Franklin and Hammond Streets over C. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.

HALF PAY. Pensions for the Widows or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.

$100 BOUNTY for the Widow, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.

Information by mail or otherwise, given gratuitously.

☞ Fees for service moderate, and must be paid to the Agent.

DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Agent.
Pension Office corner Hammond and Franklin Sts.
[apr3 dawtf

LARD, PORK,
AND
MOLASSES.

10 BBLS. LEAF LARD.
10 " CLEAR PORK.
50 HHDS. NUEVITAS MOLASSES.
For sale low by GEO. W. LADD & CO.,
jan 9 Bridge Street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
No. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange
nov7 dt ROBERT TREAT. JOHN STRANGE.

Baltimore Commission House

The Long Established Firm of
STALL & CO.

Are still prepared to receive Consignments of *Potatoes, Onions, and all kinds of Produce*, and, as in the past 20 years, will continue to devote our personal attention to all consignments, and give our best efforts to afford satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage, by prompt attention to this interest.

No. 132 Pratt Street Wharf.

References—John Clarke, President Citizens Bank, Thomas Mathews, Kelsey & Gray, Purvis, & Co., Bankers, Thomas Pearce, merchant; Lath. Rich, Winterport; Capt. Reuben Stubbs, Capt. Richard Ritchie, Thomas Kilburn, Bucksport.
aug15 Stawdly*

HORATIO PITCHER,
COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,
DEALER IN
SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,
Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.
aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,
Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,
And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,
No. 200 Commercial Street,
F. W. PITCHER. }
M. M. FULLER. } BOSTON.
J. H. PITNER. } jan16 '64

Bradbury & Sweat,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
BION BRADBURY. L. D. M. SWEAT.
Office, - - 117 Middle Street.
nov 24—2m

J. W. SYKES,
PURCHASER FOR EASTERN ACCOUNT
—OF—
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, PROVISIONS, LARD BUTTER, and WESTERN PRODUCE generally.

Particular attention given to shipping by quickest and cheapest routes. *No. 152 South Water street,*
Chicago, Illinois.

P. O. Box 471.

REFERENCES—Messrs. S. G. Bowdlear & Co., Maynard & Sons, H. & W. Chickering, C. H. Cummings & Co., Charles H. Stone, Hallett, Davis & Co., Boston; J. N. Bacon, Esq., President Newton National Bank, Newton, Mass.; C. B. Coffin, Esq., New York City.
may24'65 dly

H. D. HARLOCK,
SHIP BROKER
—AND—
General Commission Merchant,
NO. 45 CARONDELET STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.

References—Messrs. E. D. & C. J. Peters, New York. A. B. Perry & Co., Boston; Hons. N. A. Farwell, Rockland, Me.; Wm. McGilvery, Searsport.
dec9 6ma

A. L. CHICK,
Watchmaker,
—AT—
Charles Sweet's,
Corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.

☞ All kinds of Nice Watch Repairing done to order, and warranted. Work for the trade at a discount. nov18 3m

WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS & WOOLENS,
MANUFACTURERS AND
JOBBERS OF CLOTHING,
Nos. 54 and 56 Middle St.,
PORTLAND.

Geo. W. Woodman } Wm. H. Moses,
Seth B. Hersey, } Geo. P. Gross.
Charles Bailey, } dec 11—dly

Spars for Sale.

A SMALL CARGO OF SPRUCE SPARS, inclosolding inches and upwards, will be sold at low figures. DEAD WOOD.
Winterport, April 10, 1865 tf Times

BANGOR HOUSE;
Main Street, Bangor, Maine,
O. M. SHAW, - - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above House is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 18.

MERCANTILE BANK.

BANGOR, JAN'Y 22d, 1866.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS BANK ARE notified to meet at said Bank, on WEDNESDAY, February 7th, at 3 o'clock, P. M., to see if they will vote to convert said Bank into the National System of Banking and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Per order, JOHN E. RICKER, Cashier.
jan 23

EASTERN BANK

BANGOR, JAN'Y 22, 1866.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS BANK ARE notified to meet at said Bank, on TUESDAY, February 6th, at 3 o'clock P. M., to see if they will vote to convert the Bank into the National system of Banking and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Per order of Directors,
W. H. MILLS, Cashier.

Proposals for Fresh Beef.

OFFICE OF THE A. C. S., U. S. A.,
PORTLAND Me., Jan. 15th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until Jan. 25th, at 12 o'clock at noon, for supplying the troops at Fort Knox, Bucksport, Me., with Fresh Beef for six months (or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct). The Beef shall be delivered in equal proportion, fore and hind quarter meat, necks, shanks, and kidney tallow to be excluded; in such quantities as may be from time to time required, and on such days as shall be designated by the commanding officer. Bids to be marked "Proposals for Fresh Beef, Box No. 1522 P. O." Portland, Me."

Each bid will be accompanied with the name of two responsible persons as surety for the faithful performance of the contract, and a copy of this advertisement.

HENRY INMAN,
Capt. and A. C. S.
jan 20

Proposals for Wood,

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. A.,
Portland, Me., Jan. 13th, 1866.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until January 31st, 1866 for furnishing One Hundred (100) Cords Merchantable Hard Wood, delivered at Fort Knox.

Proposals for Two Hundred (200) Cords Soft Wood in lieu of the Hard Wood will be considered.

Proposals must be accompanied with a copy of this advertisement, and the names of two responsible parties to stand bonds for the faithful performance of the contract.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any proposal not deemed for the interest of the Government.

HENRY INMAN,
Capt. and A. C. S., U. S. A.
Portland, January 13th, 1866. 20

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the PENOBSCOT LOG DRIVING COMPANY for the choice of officers, and transaction of business with holders at the Penobscot Exchange, in Bangor, on MONDAY the twelfth day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by order of the Directors.

ALBERT W. PAINE, Clerk.
Bangor, Jan 8, 1866.—dtd

Gaynt Stanton Hall's Commercial Colleges

Bangor Link,
Johnson Hall, Union Block,
MAIN STREET.

Ladies and Gentlemen

May here obtain during the present winter, a

THOROUGH BUSINESS EDUCATION,

By which they may become fitted for any mercantile situation, early in the ensuing spring.

YOUNG MEN,

With a fair common school education, can complete the course in the evening sessions of any one winter.

THE COURSE COMPRISES

BOOK-KEEPING,

In all its departments, both single and double entry

COMMERCIAL LAW,

In its most comprehensive and practical form.

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC,

Embracing all applications to business transactions.

BUSINESS PENMANSHIP,

Upon the legible, rapid, and graceful Spencerian Basis

BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE.

Including the best methods of Mercantile Communication.

COMMERCIAL PAPER,

Embracing all forms in use, their nature, cause, effect and manner of operation.

CUSTOMS OF BUSINESS,

Illustrating in a practical manner the most approved methods of conducting all mercantile transactions, etc.

Special Writing Classes,

Every evening from 7 until 9.

Terms, for 12 lessons including stationery, $2.

☞ For further particulars please call at College Rooms, or address

Bryant, Stratton & Co.,
dec 5 *BANGOR, MAINE.*

AGENTS WANTED!

In every Township and County,

"THE SECRET SERVICE,"

THE FIELD,

THE DUNGEON AND THE ESCAPE

BY ALBERT D. RICHARDSON,

N. Y. Tribune Correspondent.

[ISSUED IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.]

THIS work embraces the entire narrative of Mr. A. Richardson's unparalled experience for four years traveling through the South in the Secret Service of the Tribune at the outbreak of the war, with our armies and fleets, East and West; his thrilling capture and confinement for twenty months, in seven different rebel prisons; his escape and almost miraculous journey of near 600 miles aided by negroes and Union mountaineers. It abounds in stirring events, and contains more of the fact, subject and romance of the war than any other work which has yet appeared. One of the most interesting and exciting books ever published. Now ready in both English and German. Sold only by subscription. Addre s

American Publishing Company,
SCRANTON & BURR, Agents,
dec 30—4wdaw* Hartford, Ct.

New Grocery Store!

Molesworth & Pattee,
No. 23 BROAD STREET,
And No. 19 Pickering Square.

Will keep constantly on hand, for sale,

Flour, Meal, Pork, Lard, Teas,
COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES,
and a variety of articles usually found in a Grocery Store, which they will sell CHEAP for CASH.
W. S. PATTEE. J. G. MOLESWORTH.
oct17

Fine Japan Tea.

I HAVE received a few chests of the FINEST JAPAN TEA ever brought to this country.
At wholesale at 60 per lb. E. B. PATTEE.
jan 6—2w 3 Pickering Square.

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

THE ORIGINAL

Travelers Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital, - - - $500,000.

Insures Against.

ACCIDENTS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CAUSING LOSS OF LIFE OR BODILY INJURY.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY was organized, under a charter granted by the Connecticut Legislature of 1863, and amended by the Legislature of 1864, for the special purpose of effecting INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS, of whatever kind or description, whether they occur in travelling by railroad, steamboat or stage coach, walking in the street, at work in the shop, or sitting by the domestic fireside, whether riding, boating, hunting, fishing, shooting, swimming, cricketing, surveying, engineering, whether working, or playing, sleeping or waking, in danger or out of (apparent) danger, at home or abroad—in every variety of circumstances in which mankind are ordinarily placed.

A General Accident Policy not only includes the risk in travelling, but also all forms of dislocations, broken bones, ruptured tendons, sprains, concussions, crushings, bruises, cuts, stabs, gunshot wounds, poisoned wounds, burns and scalds, bites of dogs, unprovoked assaults by burglars, robbers or murderers—the action of lightning or sunstroke, the effects of explosions, chemicals, floods and earthquakes, suffocation by drowning or choking

This company has now been for more than a year in successful operation, has issued over fifteen thousand policies, and paid numerous claims for compensation, has a directory of high character, and is managed with the prudence and sagacity which distinguish Hartford insurance companies; has an ample capital and large surplus, and its soundness and stability may be relied upon.

General Accident Risks.

TEN DOLLARS PREMIUM

Under a *General Accident* policy, will secure $10 per week compensation while disabled, (not exceeding twenty-six weeks,) or $2,000 in the event of death by accident.

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $25 per week or $5,000 in case of death

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM

Will secure $50 per week compensation, or $10,000 in case of death.

Any other sum, from $500 to $10,000, at proportionate rates.

Where compensation only is desired, or payment is to be made only in case of death, *the rates are much lower.*

☞ The above are the "ordinary" or lowest rates "special" rates are $1 per thousand higher.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS,

GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS, JAS. L. HOWARD, MARSHALL JEWELL, THOS. BELKNAP, JR., CORNELIUS B. ERWIN, GEO. S. GILMAN,
W. H. D. CALLENDER, GEO. W. MOORE, CHENEZER ROBERTS, CHARLES WHITE, HUGH HARRISON, JONATHAN B. BUNCE.

JAMES G. BATTERSON, President.
RODNEY DENNIS, Secretary.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
H. C. MARSHALL, General Ticket Agent.
DR. S. B. BERESFORD Surgeon.

B. Plummer & Sons,
Agents for Bangor and Vicinity.
Bangor, Aug. 23, 1865.

New York Life Insurance Co.,
112 AND 114 BROADWAY.

THIS is one of the oldest institutions of the kind in America, having been chartered in 1841, and commenced business in May, 1843.

EVERY ONE SHOULD ENSURE.

While we live we may protect those dependent upon us; but when death severs the tie of all others most dear, it is a consolation to know that our prudence and foresight have made provision for the waste to which we cannot longer minister; and the man who has the power, but neglects the opportunity, of providing in this way for the comfort and independence of his family, fails in the duty which he owes to them and himself. Therefore, let every one who has not obtained a policy of Insurance upon his life, no longer neglect this imperative duty. GREAT CARE SHOULD BE MANIFESTED IN THE SELECTION OF A COMPANY. The

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Offers the following highly important essentials:

It is a strictly Mutual Company;
It has had Twenty Years' Business Experience;
It has large Accumulated Assets;
It gives Liberal Assistance in the Payment of Premiums;
Its Dividends are declared Annually;
It is prompt in the Payment of all Losses;

IN FACT,

Special care in the selection of its risks, strict economy, and a safe and judicious investment of its funds, emphatically characterize the management of this company.

Assets over

$4,500,000.

Annual Dividend, January 1, 1865,

50 Per Cent.

Total Amount Returned Premiums (Dividends) paid

$1,700,000.

Total Amount Claims by Death paid,

$3,500,000.

During its existence it has issued

Over 36,000 Policies.

TEN-YEAR NON-FORFEITING POLICIES.

The New York Life Insurance Company originated, and was the first to bring before the public, the Ten-Year Non-Forfeiting Plan, which has so fully commended itself to the judgment of thinking men that it has become the most popular mode of insurance, and is rapidly superceding the old method of lifelong payment. It has received THE UNQUALIFIED APPROVAL OF THE BEST BUSINESS MEN OF THE LAND, large numbers of whom have taken out policies under it as an investment.

TEN YEAR NON-FORFEITING PLAN.

A party ensuring by this table, after the second year, cannot forfeit any part of what has been paid in, and his policy becomes a source of income to him while living.

ANOTHER NEW FEATURE.

TEN YEAR NON-FORFEITURE ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

The New York Life Insurance Company have recently prepared A NEW TABLE, BY WHICH THE PREMIUMS CAN ALL BE PAID IN TEN YEARS AND THE NON-FORFEITURE BENEFIT ALSO SECURED. These policies are coming into general request, as a sure and profitable investment for one's declining years, they deserve the attention of all. A party ensuring by this table the amount is received by the assured himself, upon his attaining a specified age, while full provision is made for death occurring prior thereto.

Policies Issued on all the Usual Forms.

MORRIS FRANKLIN, Pres't.
ISAAC C. KENDALL, V. P.
WM. H. BEERS, Actuary.
A. R. HALLOWELL,
Agent for the County of Penobscot.
Examining Physicians, DR. JOHN MASON and J. M. BLAISDELL. d&w

AXES! AXES!

470 DOZEN of the most favorite brands, bought for Cash before the recent advance, which I will sell at the lowest manufacturers prices.

Also a Full Stock of

Hardware, Saws, Iron, Steel, Window Glass PAINTS, OILS, &c.

100 TONS CUMBERLAND COAL.

Please give me a call before you buy.

At No. 7 and 11 PICKERING SQUARE.
W. T. SHERMAN.
oct 6

A CROSS THE CONTINENT WITH SPEAKER COLFAX, by BOWLES of the Springfield Republican. Price $1.50. Sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Published by Dunn, Brown & Co. Agents wanted. Call on or address Hammond or Wakefield.
jan 11 Received by E. P. DUNN.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type), one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements inserted *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

From Washington—A Meeting of Military Commanders.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

The first of a series of public tecentennial meetings, commemorative of the introduction of Methodism in this country, was held last evening. Secretary Harlan presided, and he and Bishops Jayne and Simpson, and Rev. Dr. McClintock, delivered addresses.

It is announced from Washington that Generals Sherman, Thomas, Sheridan and Meade will assemble in Washington next week for consultation with Gen. Grant and the government authorities, relative to the condition affairs in their respective departments.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 25.

The City Council have passed resolutions offering the State $300,000 for the erection of public buildings, in case the capital is removed here.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

A special Washington despatch to the News says—

A private letter from a gentleman in Paris, dated Jan. 4th has been received here describing a recent interview between Napoleon and the American minister. Napoleon expressed his determination to preserve friendly relations with the United States and his wish to withdraw the French troops as soon as he could be assured of our policy of neutrality towards Mexico. He intimated very plainly, however, that he would never abandon Maximilian so long as there was any danger that the United States would pull down what he built up at so much expense. All he would ask was that we should not interfere with the present government of Mexico, the permanence and stability of which, if left to itself, he was convinced would be secured.

The correspondent adds—

I have reason to believe that dispatches from Mr. Bigelow, containing a full report of this interview, were received by the State Department by the late steamer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26

The Commercial's money article says—

The market exhibits more steadiness than might be expected from the tenor of foreign news. There are symptoms of timid apprehension arising out of a crisis at London, which implies our financial relations with that country are not such as to seriously endanger affairs here in the event of trouble there.

Five-twenties show some sensitiveness, from the possibility that a certain amount might be returned here for realization.

Holders of cotton bills also exhibit some nervousness, and foreign bankers find it necessary under the outcry against American credits raised by London journals, to hold their affairs in conservative position, but with these exceptions, capitalists look upon the London crisis as comparatively uninterested spectators.

The depression in the stock market continues. The bears exhibit less activity, but prices continue to decline, Erie being the only exception in the whole railroad list, the prevailing impression is that prices have touched bottom and there is a disposition to buy in anticipation of an upward reaction.

General Sherman's Latest Letter.

The following is the text of General Sherman's letter to a friend in Louisiana, recently published in a Southern paper:

I have seen several numbers of the Louisiana Democrat, in one of which is made a common mistake which I have observed before, attributing to Bragg and Beauregard my appointment as Superintendent of the State Seminary in 1860. I was at Leavenworth City, a member of a law firm, when Gen. Buell, then a major in the Adjutant General's office, on duty near the Secretary of War, Governor Floyd sent me the invitations for applicants for the different Professorships, which he had received from General G. Mason Graham. I applied and was appointed just as you were at the same time.

Beauregard had no agency in the matter at all, and Bragg, who was my friend, had no knowledge that I was an applicant for he told me that, ignorant of the fact, he had recommended Jenkins for the same office.—I am under no personal obligations to either Bragg or Beauregard in the matter, though both were most friendly to me all the time I was in Louisiana, but not in a way to lay me under obligations to any body that could qualify my allegiance. I was hired by a contract, earned my pay, and received it.

Again, the idea is given out that I left Louisiana pledged not to take service against the South. That you know is absurd. At that day no one at the South expected war, but I always told you and others that war was the inevitable result of secession. In my last interview with Bragg, at the hotel in New Orleans, I may have said that I did not go North, to seek military service, which was true; for I came here (St. Louis) and corresponded with you from here. Even our Northern papers mistake my position.—I refused to enter the volunteer force, first called out by Lincoln—the seventy-five thousand call—because I considered that the rebellion was bound to involve the whole South, and could be handled only by vast armies, and those of regulars. I urged an army so large as to make your rebellion ridiculous.

But events have drifted otherwise, and, thank God, it is over. I think such a thing never will be dreamed of again. I wish you all well. I wish the South well; and if I have been a scourge, think how much better that it was I than Ben Butler, or some other of that school.

Present me kindly to your associates, and write me fully and frankly as of old.

Yours truly, W. T. SHERMAN.

The House concurred.

Reported for the Whig

Legislature of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 25.

SENATE.

On motion of Mr. Weld the order (from the House) relative to the condition of paupers and instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of restoring to that class of citizens, when not disqualified, the right of suffrage, was laid upon the table.

The President presented and read a communication from the Secretary of State covering County Estimates and accompanying schedules.

Mr. Southard presented petition and bill for incorporation of the Richmond Manufacturing Company (to manufacture doors, sash, blinds, &c.), and it was referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

Mr. Boynton presented the petition of A. Foss and others of Pittsfield, asking for incorporation of Maine Central Institute, with accompanying bill, and it was referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Hawes presented the petition of Lydia Cummings for a deed of a lot of land.

Mr. Denison, from the Committee on Divisions of Towns, reported against the application to annex part of the town of Orneville to the town of Atkinson. Accepted.

Mr. Abbott reported, bill an act relating to bonds required to be given in Probate Court, and it was laid upon the table to be printed under the rule.

Mr. Barker reported back petition of the Portland Dry Dock Company, asking for amendment of charter, and it was referred to the Committee on Mercantile Affairs and Insurance.

Also reported against petition of S. Danforth and others, for amendment of law relative to line fences, and petitioners were permitted to withdraw.

Also against petition of C. Perkins and others asking repeal of Chapter 373 of Public Laws of 1865 relative to preservation of certain fish, and petitioners were allowed to withdraw.

Also in response to order of inquiry,—that it would not be expedient to empower Judges of Probate to grant change of names. Accepted.

Also in response to order of inquiry,—that it is not expedient to amend section 42 of chapter 60 of the Revised Statutes relative to taking non-resident lands. Accepted.

Also in response to order of inquiry,—that it would *not* be expedient to *require* assessors to take schedule of property, and statements in regard to the same, from persons under oath in all cases. Accepted.

Also in response to order requiring,—that it would *not* be expedient to amend section 8 of chapter 96 of Revised Statutes concerning replevin of goods. Accepted.

The Committee on State lands and roads reported in response to order inquiring what sums have been appropriated by the State to Aroostook county, since its settlement, up to and including the year 1865, and the report was ordered printed, on motion of Mr. Perkins.

Mr. Munson presented the petition of the Bangor Oldtown and Milford railroad for leave to extend their track to tide water, and it was referred to committee on Roads Ways and Bridges.

Passed to be engrossed—An act additional to an act to incorporate the English Spinner Roller company; an act to incorporate the Cushnoc Manufacturing and Water Company; an act to incorporate the Trustees of Wilton Academy.

HOUSE.

Mr. Foster of Bangor, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported an act to incorporate the South Berwick Savings Bank. Read and assigned.

On motion of Mr. Hills of Northport,

Ordered, That the Committee on Agriculture be instructed to inquire whether any further legislation is expedient whereby to fix the time when, there being two or more agricultural societies in the same county, these societies shall severally send delegates to the annual meeting of the Board of Agriculture.

On motion of Mr. Clark of Biddeford,

Ordered, That the Committee on the Judiciary be directed to examine into the expediency of so amending the law regulating the sale of spirituous liquors, as that cities and towns shall not be compelled by law to maintain a liquor agency, unless they elect to do so.

IN CONVENTION.

Isaac Woodman of Waldo and Thomas Brewer of Washington, were elected to fill vacancies in Board of Trustees of Agricultural College.

IN HOUSE.

Mr. Bliss, of Freeport, from the committee on State Lands and State Roads, reported leave to withdraw on petitions for appropriations to build a bridge over Dead River.—Accepted.

Mr. Jones, of Lewiston, from the committee on Manufactures, reported an act to incorporate the Sangerville Manufacturing Company. Read and assigned.

Mr. Wilson from the same committee reported a bill an act in relation to the rules of evidence. This bill lies upon the table to be printed under the joint rule.

Mr. Williams, from the Committee on Finance, reported back bill an act to provide in part for the expenditures of government. This bill lies upon the table to be printed under the Joint rule.

Passed to be engrossed—An act to authorize George W. Gerham to extend his wharf into Passamaquoddy Bay; an act to incorporate the Grand Falls Manufacturing Company; an act to change the name of the Lisbon Manufacturing Company.

The order pending when the House adjourned yesterday, came up in regular order. This order is as follows:

Ordered, That the committee appointed to investigate into the alleged frauds upon the property of this State, be authorized and instructed to use all the power conferred upon them as touching the investigation of State officials in ascertaining whether any municipality of this State has been defrauded out of money in the filing of their quotas by any person or persons whomsoever.

Mr. Farrington of Fryeburg, moved that the order be laid on the table and that Tuesday, Feb. 6, be assigned for its further consideration and final action upon it. He wished to say that this is a wise course to be pursued and that the friends of investigation may rest assured that this will be a safe action to take in reaching the point at which we are aiming. The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Drown of Hampden, called up the bill to amend the charter of the Passadumkeag Boom Co., assigned for to-day, and on his motion the same was again laid on the table for future consideration.

Mr. Miller of Portland, called up the bill to amend the charter of the Portland Rolling Mills, the vote passing which to be engrossed was some days since reconsidered. On motion of Mr. Miller, the bill was recommitted to the Committee on Manufactures.

Mr. Woodman of Bucksport, called up the motion of Mr. Stevens, of Augusta, to recommit the report of the Judiciary committee on poll taxes, with instructions to report a bill reducing the poll tax to two dollars.

Mr. Payson of Westbrook, opposed the motion. The first objection he had was to tinkering the law; and he should be opposed to a change if the question were to raise the poll tax from two to three dollars.—Again, the gentleman from Augusta founds his objections to a poll tax on high principles. If so, it is a question of right or wrong absolutely, and a change of from three to two dollars is not to be reckoned as such a question. He had heard enough of twaddle about the patronage of the laboring classes. They don't want it, and they scorn the pat on the back which is so popularly given them. Capital in this country is the servant of labor and the laboring classes

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

WM. E. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers "Wheeler & Lynde."

SATURDAY, JAN. 27, 1866.

The Obstructions to Navigation in the Penobscot River.

The following article we clip from the Boston Journal of Thursday. It is contained in a letter dated at Augusta, Jan. 23d. Its importance will at once be appreciated by our citizens, and it so completely states the whole case that further comment is unnecessary. It reads as follows:

The Penobscot river is navigable further inland than any other river in New England. Ships of twelve and even fifteen hundred tons burthen can proceed up that river as far as Bangor, which is the head of navigation, a distance of 163 miles from the outer line of the Gulf of Maine, and 40 miles from the waters of Penobscot Bay. The city of Bangor, as the *entrepot* of the vast resources of the northeastern portion of the State and the adjacent western portion. Its exports are enormous for a place of its size and wealth. It sends down the waters of the great thoroughfare of the East millions of dollars annually of useful, valuable and varied productions for foreign and domestic markets. Its intelligent and enterprising citizens have embraced all the advantages at their command to lay the broad foundation for a permanent and brilliant prosperity. For the achievement of this result its prosperity depends mainly upon the protection of its commercial interests. Its harbor has ample accommodations to float all the shipping that visits it for the transportation of freight. But the free navigation of the river is obstructed, and the prosperity of Bangor endangered. Let us examine the facts.

For years past the slabs, edgings, sawdust and other refuse stuff that have been thrown into the river above the city, have collected and formed a cumulation to an extent that, at certain stages of the water, one can almost walk across the bed of the river at certain points. A bar has been formed of this deposit extending one-half a mile below the mouth of the Kenduskeag Stream, within one-fourth of a mile of High Head, which is increasing yearly by aggregation in extent that, at the lowest tides the past season, the water was not over five feet in depth. So shallow is the water at times on account of this bar that vessels and steamers are either delayed or prevented altogether from departure or arrival. Added to these obstructions is one other of a more perilous character between the points I have indicated. Upon the shores of the river are ledges lying on both sides. In the channel, is an immense boulder known as Independence Rock, which at high tides lies submerged by only a few feet of water. The presence of this boulder, lying as it does in or near the channel, makes navigation exceedingly difficult and hazardous. Several years ago a steamer was totally wrecked on it, and only last season another steamer which struck it sustained serious damage. The channel is so narrow for the passage of vessels that it is only by the most careful and skillful means that collision with the rock is prevented. Steamers in particular, bound down the river, when swinging about from their berths at the wharf, about 145 feet distant, are in imminent peril; and when they take their departure the officers are obliged to adopt every precaution to avoid coming in contact with this dreaded object of danger. In times of high freshets the peril is increased. It is a wonder that disaster does not occur oftener. The passage is far more dangerous than at any other place between High Head and the mouth of the river.

In view of removing and reducing these obstructions, a memorial, largely signed by the wealthiest and most influential citizens of Bangor and vicinity, is about to be addressed to Congress for an appropriation of $25,000 for the accomplishment of this purpose. The amount asked for is more nothing in comparison with the immense benefits to be derived should it be granted. A petition which has already been referred to in this correspondence is now before the Legislature, asking for the prevention of throwing any more saw-dust, slabs, &c., into the river. The free, unobstructed navigation of a river like the Penobscot cannot be opposed when the vital interests of a place so important as Bangor are in jeopardy. I speak not from hearsay simply in this matter, but from what I have seen. During a visit to that city two months ago, your correspondent, in company with several of the leading men of the place, had his attention directed to these obstructions, and upon examining them personally, was struck with amazement at their formidable character. That there is a necessity for their removal is too apparent to be denied by an intelligent mind, and that Congress ought to grant a sufficient appropriation for the accomplishment of such a result is a request that is as reasonable as it is just. The business men and the capitalists all ask for it, involving as it does the commercial prosperity of their city and its surroundings.

TOBY CANDOR.

The Philadelphia Inquirer has a letter from Washington, which—treating of the bill to establish Impartial Suffrage in the Federal District—says:

The old residents here, including all those who have been in the rebel army, and aided and abetted here that Rebellion they had not the courage to go and fight openly for, have been beseiging Mr. Johnson, day and night, to get him to veto any bill Congress may pass.

Perhaps the President can be induced by "all those who have been in the rebel army" to decree the perpetual disfranchisement of a majority of those residents of the District who have been fighting in the Union armies—but we do not believe it. If he does, he will evince a remarkable shortness of memory; for it is not very long since a majority of those residents of the District who now vote against negro suffrage would have given a much heartier vote to hang Andrew Johnson.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE. The following are the resolves regarding the decease of Dr. E. Holmes, adopted by the Board of Agriculture on the 18th inst.:

Whereas, It has pleased an All-wise Providence, in the course of human events, to remove from our midst, one of the most earnest friends of agriculture the State ever had, and the pioneer of our agricultural press; therefore

Resolved, That in the death of the late Dr. Ezekiel Holmes, we lament one who watched over the farmers of Maine and their interests with the solicitude of a father for his children; one whose mouth was ever open for instruction,—whose lips dropped knowledge, and whose pre-eminent abilities made him an honor to the State, and endeared to us all.

Resolved, That in recognition of his services, and as a fitting testimonial, on behalf of this Board, the President, select some member to pronounce a fitting eulogy on his life and character, during our present session.

In support of these resolutions, an eulogy on the life an character of Dr. Holmes will be delivered on Friday evening, 26th inst. at 7½ o'clock, by E. H. Fenderson, of Franklin county. The public are invited to be present.—[Kennebec Journal.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

POSTPONED. The Lecture of Rev. John Savary, of Cambridge Mass., was postponed until this evening.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE POST OFFICE. A government officer is expected here in a few days to examine into the necessity for a larger and more convenient Post Office.

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. We understand that the Trustees of the State Agricultural College have decided upon the purchase of the White Farm, in Orono, as a site for the contemplated institution. The farm is a good one, the location all that could be desired, and our citizens will be pleased to learn that it is to come this way.

PENOBSCOT MINING ASSOCIATION. Parties in this city are about to petition the Legislature to grant them a charter under the name of the Penobscot Mining Association, with the ordinary powers given to such associations.

THE SNOW. At last we have snow enough for sleighing and a little over. All through the day yesterday it continued to come down, and the ground is covered to the depth of nearly a foot and a half. It will probably be drifted somewhat, but probably not enough to occasion much delay to railroads and stages.

—The bark St. Cloud, Capt. F. B. Ames, of this city, is at New Orleans loading with cotton for Liverpool. Freight money three-fourths of a penny.

—The 19th Anniversary of the Penobscot County Auxillary to the American Missionary Association will be observed in the 1st Parish Church on Sunday evening next, the 28th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Annual sermon by Rev. A. K. P. Small. A contribution will be taken for the Freedmen.—The annual business meeting will be held in the Vestry of the 1st Parish Church on Monday evening next, 29th inst. at half-past 6 o'clock.

—A waggish member of the Penobscot Bar filed at the office of the Clerk of Courts, the following specifications of defence in a case where the opposing counsel was somewhat notorious for careless writing: "In this case there is probably an attempt to insert a count for money had and received, and no specifications. Defendant not knowing for what he is sued, cannot do more than say that he owes plaintiff nothing—never did—never intends to—*No stairs to climb.*"

Another member, more a matter-of-fact sort of a man, claims in a motion for a new trial, "That the verdict was against law, and the weight of evidence, and that the jury were unduly influenced by the great personal beauty of the female plaintiff."

A HEAVY DIVIDEND. The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance pay their policy holders, the 1st of February, the extremely large dividend of *sixty* per cent—one of the largest ever declared in this country. They have also adopted another important feature—making every policy non-forfeiting. Holders can at any time secure a paid up policy for an amount corresponding with the length of time they have been insured and the sum paid.

Messrs. S. Plummer & Sons are agents for Bangor.

—Dr. Bland relates to the French Academy of Science that a young lady patient of his has remained in profound slumber for over a year without eating or drinking, and yet her life has been supported and she manifests a tendency towards fattening. A similar phenomenon occurred in her experience years before.

GRAND DIVISION. The Bath Times says that the report of the Grand Scribe of the Grand Division S. of T. of the State of Maine, shows that four Divisions have been organized the past quarter, making the present number of Divisions eighty-eight. 636 members have been admitted, 430 lady visitors admitted, whole number of members 4,217; whole number of lady visitors, 6,471.

—Manufacturing Companies are declaring fifteen, twenty, or thirty per cent dividends, but if a citizen loans money for more than six per cent, he violates law.

ROBBERY. The Portland Argus says that a returned soldier named Charles Sylvester was robbed of $45 at one of the drinking holes in that city on Wednesday. The money was taken from his pocket during a scuffle got up for that especial purpose.

—A Georgia paper expresses the opinion that it would be sound policy to confer the right of suffrage upon certain classes of colored persons, and thus give the remaining classes incentives to improvement so as to secure themselves also this inestimable privilege.

—The Hancock Journal learns that a company has been organized in Baring, Me., with a capital of $40,000 for the purpose of establishing a woolen factory.

BREVETTED. We learn that Lieut. Col. Z. A. Smith, late of the 1st Maine Artillery, now editor and proprietor of the Hancock Journal, has been brevetted Colonel of U. S. volunteers, for gallant and meritorious services in the field.

—The New Bedford Mercury thinks that Master Coker, who breaks his engagement there on account of sickness while he is singing every night in Washington, is like the other little boy who was too sick to go to school, but well enough to go a-fishing.

—The soldiers monument in Bath is to be of granite, and to consist of a base 7 feet 8 inches square, 2 feet 2 inches high; a die 4 feet 8 inches square, and 4 feet 5 inches high; a cap 3 feet 3 inches square, 1 foot 8 inches high; a shaft 2 feet 7 inches at the base, 1 foot 4 inches top, 14 feet high, surmounted by an eagle about 3 feet high.

QUICK TRIP. Sch. Vulcan, Ashford, arrived at Eastport on Monday from Portland having made the passage in fifteen hours.

—On account of the recent marriage of the Empress Anna, Mutai states that she whips of the coachmen, coachmen twenty dollars each; and the silk stockings of the footmen thirty dollars a pair.

—They must have some infamous thieves down in Georgia. Recently somebody stole the sleepers from under the rails upon a railroad track, near Savannah, and used them for firewood.

—Seven Creek and Seminole chiefs, now in Washington, with their interpreters, both negroes, were turned out of the first class passengers car on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on account of their color.—Considering that these red men were very recently good slaveholders this treatment seems unjust.

—Webster's Spelling Book is in such great demand for the reconstruction of the South, that American printers cannot supply the demand, and the publishers have sent to Europe to get it printed. Over one million copies have been sold since April, and orders are now one hundred thousand in advance of the supply!

—A married monster said he lately dreamed that he had an angel by his side, and upon waking found it was nobody but his wife.

A person by traveling a quarter of a mile from our office can enter either the towns of Farmingdale or Pittston, and by going a mile can enter either Chelsea or W. Gardiner. Who shall say that we are not in the centre of a populous region?—Gardiner Journal.

THE PIRATE SEMMES. A Washington despatch says there is a sudden hitch in the arrangement for the trial of Semmes, and a doubt is now expressed whether he will be summoned to appear before a court martial. Judge Hughes, his leading counsel has remonstrated against this mode of trial, and being a personal friend of the President, it is said his remonstrance has had effect.

—An earnest advocate of foreign missions is said to have forced himself into the presence of the Tribune's editor-in-chief in the Bible house, New York; the other day, while he was hard at work on his "Conflict," and importuned him to subscribe to the cause. The veteran journalist looked up from his manuscript in a very choleric mood, and said crustily, "Don't ask me to give anything for the salvation of souls, I am convinced (looking significantly at the intruder) that not half as many people go to h—ll now as ought to."

MILITARY TRIAL. A military commission is session at Charleston to investigate the charges made aginst F. G. Stowers of Georgia, and Elisha W. Byrem, Crawford Keyes and Robert Keyes, citizens of Anderson District, and to try the murder of Corporal W. C. Corbett, and Private Emery Smith and Mason Brown, of the First Battalion Maine Veteran Volunteers, on the night of the 8th of October last, while performing guard duty over some cotton at Brown's Ferry, in Anderson District. The cotton belonged to the accused, and was seized by the United States. While the soldiers were guarding it they were secretly murdered and their bodies thrown into the Savannah river. The accused are men of the first standing in their respective communities.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

POSTPONED!!

The Lecture of REV. MR. SAVARY, announced for last evening by the Freedmen's Aid Association, is deferred to THIS EVENING on account of the storm. jan27—8n

Removal.

The office of the PENOBSCOT RIVER EXPRESS has been changed from No. 22 West Market Square, to

No. 6 Main Street,

Store formerly occupied by Daniel Warsen.)

Express Packages of every description forwarded daily.

Bangor, Jan. 24, 1866 1w

Great Reduction of Fares!

TO THE

Oil Regions of Canada!

$25 00 to London and Return,

From Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville Junctions, or

$35 00 From Bangor to London AND RETURN,

London is the Terminus of a branch of the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

It is a city of 15,000 inhabitants; has good Hotels; 41 miles East from Bothwell; the fare from London to Bothwell is but $1.25.

TICKETS can be procured only at the Maine Central and K. & B. Rail Road Depots, and at the Company's Office

NO. 22 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

WM. FLOWERS, *EASTERN AGENT.*

jan 24 1866.—sn

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, PORTLAND.

S. B. BREWSTER,

(Formerly of Skowhegan)

HAS TAKEN THE

INTERNATIONAL HOUSE, Portland, and put it in thorough repair, and will open it for travel, February 1st.

jan 24—sn1w

TRUSSES!

WM. MANN & SON,

2 Exchange Block, Bangor, Me.,

are now in Store, and are constantly supplied with the

MOST DESIRABLE PATTERNS

—OF—

TRUSSES FOR HERNIA.

Having had large experience in applying these instruments, we are confident of our ability to suit any case needed to suit any case.

Call and examine.

WM. MANN & SON, *DRUGGISTS.*

No. 2 Exchange Block.

jan 18—sn 2w

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye—Harmless—Instantaneous and Reliable—produces a splendid Black or Natural Brown—remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and frequently restores the original color. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed W. Batchelor, 81 Barclay street, New York.

jan17 sn3taw d&w

The Great Worm Remedy.

has been said by more than one eminent physician that more sickness among children is the result of Pin Worms than all other causes—that no medicine will expel them without being sustained. From the pains of no mother should every family may have an effectual remedy, by procuring a vile of

DR. E. G. GOULD'S PIN WORM SYRUP.

It will remove ordinary stomach worms; cleanse the canal of the vermifuges in the market, and for Pin Worms it has no equal. It will relieve children of adults from all annoyance in twenty-four hours, and a perfect cure will follow if taken according to directions. It is a mild pleasant cathartic, and has proved to the youngest child, with perfect safety. It immediately destroys and removes all sensation from the Anus. Prepared and sold by DR. E. G. GOULD, Bridgeton, N. J. For sale in Bangor by N. S. HARLOW & J. ALDEN & CO., E. F. BRADBURY. All sold by druggists everywhere.

sn3taw16w—nov21

CLOCK'S Excelsior Hair Restorer.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER

Is warranted to

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

Restore Hair if ever so Grey,

To its

Color of Earlier Days,

Color of Earlier Days.

Keeps the

Hair from Falling Off,

Hair from Falling Off.

Will surely

Cure all Humors of the Scalp,

Cure all Humors of the Scalp.

And makes the

Hair grow on Bald Heads,

Hair grow on Bald Heads

WHEN FALLING OFF FROM DISEASE.

It is splendidly perfumed, and every thing for a Dressing that can be desired. It is the only known restorer of color, and perfect hair-dressing combined. Requires no washing or preparation before using. If, after a fair trial, this does not prove the best Hair Restorative before the public, the money will be refunded.

Sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. DR. FRANK B. CLOCK, Proprietor, Manchester, N. H.

B. F. BRADBURY, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Bangor. 3taw&w6m

IId GERMANIA BALL.

At Spencer's Hall, on Monday January 29th. Tickets, including refreshments, admitting one Gent, with Ladies, at $1 50, should be obtained at No. 56 Main St., before 6 P.M. daily, as no tickets will be sold at the door of the Hall.

Per order of Committee.

jan 13—2w

Alfred H. Bissell,

TEACHER OF THE

PIANO FORTE, MELODEON AND ORGAN,

MUSIC ROOM over the store of Mr. CHAS. HALE

dec28—sn3m* *MAIN ST.*

M. T. COLKINS

HAS MARKED DOWN HIS ENTIRE

CLOAK STOCK,

AND WILL SELL

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

Thirty	Dollar	Cloaks for	Twenty	Dollars
20	"	do	15	"
15	"	do	10	"
10	"	do	6	"

Sale Commencing Jan'y 9th.

LADIES, IMPROVE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

You can have a Garment

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

jan 8—sn

SMOLANDER'S EXTRACT BUCKU

Is especially recommended by the Medical Faculty for the cure of Diseases of the *Stomach* and *Kidneys, Rheumatism, General Debility, Dropsies, Chronic Gonorrhœa*, and *Cutaneous Diseases*. For those suffering from the effects of *excesses of any kind* it is perfectly *invaluable*. For *Female Complaints* it is a *priceless remedy*. It never fails to effect a *cure*. It is the *BEST* and *CHEAPEST* preparation of Bucku offered to the public.

Price, One Dollar per bottle.

For sale by W. L. ALDEN & CO and N. S. HARLOW.

Agent for Maine, W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland. BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggist, Boston, General Agents.

nov17 d&w3m°

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&w1y.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer*, and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. aug25 6md&w

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin.—For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers

Sold by N. S. HARLOW, Bangor

jan30 sn d&w1y

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Will attend to the purchase, sale and shipment of

All Kinds of Produce,

And solicit Consignments of Vessels.

REFER TO

GEORGE STETSON, Esq., President First National Bank, Bangor.

MESSRS. FOGG & BRIDGES, Bangor.

J. H. BEALL, Pres't 2d National Bank, Boston.

MESSRS. CHARLES SMITH & Co., Boston.

dec 1—sn 6m

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

Will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have received testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries, at 35 cts. per box. nov2 6m d&w

Musical Notice.

The undersigned desires to inform the Musical Public of Bangor and vicinity, and those wishing to study the Piano Forte, that Miss Georgia Pearson has been studying the Literature and Theory of Music, under the "Celebrated Cheve System" for the last two months, and she recommends her as competent to teach it, as far as she has gone, with great advantage to her pupils.

JOSEPH BORRA.

Bangor, Aug. 28, 1865. 6m

MUSICAL.

Mr. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Drummett's Music Store, or at the Bangor House, Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved method.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. B. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.

nov3 tf

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

June 8 Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

Dr. Sanger,

Having returned to Bangor, will resume the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

Residence—Penobscot Exchange. *Office*—No. 90 Main street, nearly opposite W. L. Alden & Co.

oct 12

The Place to Get GOOD SIGNS!

Of every description, *CHEAP*, IS AT

MARSTON & SON'S,

127 EXCHANGE STREET.

3taw

Doct. MORISON

Has REMOVED to Patten Court, tenement formerly occupied by Moses Patten, Esq.

Office on Hammond street, opposite the Court

nov4

THROUGH TICKETS

TO THE

Oil Regions, Canada,

OR THE

WEST!

$6,00 Less than at any other Office,

VIA THE

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

FROM BANGOR, TO THE

WEST, NORTH, and SOUTH WEST.

For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square, or the Maine Central Depot, and all principal Ticket Offices in Maine.

Wm. Flowers, *EASTERN AGENT.*

jan18, 1866

TICKETS TO ALL POINTS WEST,

VIA

BOSTON OR NEW YORK,

Over all the First Class Roads, at the *LOWEST PRICES*, for sale by

P. M. Blake, Agent,

jan1, '67—d&w No. 9, Central St., Bangor.

WARREN'S COUGH BALSAM

has been found by experience to be the

BEST REMEDY

For the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat such as

DIPHTHERIA,

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, CROUP INFLUENZA, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, OR INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, AND WHOOPING COUGH.

In these complaints this medicine has NO SUPERIOR, and while thus effectious it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two-fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchia.

The world is challenged to produce a compound of equal efficacy and safety.

Prepared and sold by AMBROSE WARREN, Boston, Druggist, No. 1 Granite Block, East Market Square, Bangor, Me.

dec 16 sn 16w D&W

Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co.

Change of Agency.

I have been appointed Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.

Premiums for renewal of Policies will be paid to me.

I would invite all who desire to effect Insurance on their lives to make application to me for a Policy in this Company. I am satisfied that the Company offers advantages to those insured equal, *at least*, to any Life Insurance Company in the country.

J. B. Foster.

March 15 tf Office at the M. M. M. Ins. Co's.

Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

Chloasma, or Mothpatch, (also Liverspot,) and Lentigo, or Freckles, are often very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, for the discolored spots show more plainly on the face of a blonde than a brunnette; but they greatly mar the beauty of either; and any preparation that will effectually remove them, *without injuring the tissue or color of the skin*, is certainly a desideratum. Dr. B. C. Perry, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered a remedy for these discolorations, which is at once prompt, infallible and harmless.

Prepared only by B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond Street, New York, and for sale by all druggists; in Bangor, by Warren L. Alden, Who le Agent; price $2.00 per bottle. Call for

PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

nov6 Stawl D&W—6m

DIED.

In Vassalboro', 8th inst., Mrs. Deborah, wife of Edward Fassett, Esq., aged 50 years, 10 months and 7 days.

NEW BOOKS.

DUNN BROWNE IN THE ARMY.

Patriot Boys and Prison Pictures—by Edmund Kirke.

The Pilgrim's Wallet.

Cora Belmont—a Domestic Tale.

Hood's Tales and Romances.

Tiger Hunter—by Mayne Reid.

Hills of Million of Money—a Novel.

IN BARTLETT'S LIBRARY.

jan 27

THE JEWS, JERUSALEM, AND THE HOLY LAND!

REV. G. J. ADAMS,

OF THE

CHURCH of the MESSIAH,

Who has just returned from Jerusalem and Palestine, will lecture,

AT THE PIONEER CHAPEL,

SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

January 28th, 1866,

On the RESTORATION and future

DESTINY OF THE JEWS.

In which he will show that they will be restored to the land of their fathers, and their City and Temple rebuilt, in the present generation. The lecture will be interspersed with incidents of travel in Egypt and the Holy Land.

Mr. Adams will also speak of the restoration of Queen Esther Reid, and of the fruitfulness of the whole land since the return of the Jews, and show what we are now living in the commencement of the most wonderful epoch which history has not yet seen or known. He will also give a description of the fruits and other products of the country.

SEATS FREE, AND A COLLECTION TAKEN.

The public are invited to attend. jan 27—1t

VALUABLE Mill Property, Timber, Land, HOUSES AND STORE,

—AT—

AUCTION.

R. S. Prescott, Auct'r.

ON THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, at Kenduskeag Village, the following described Property, viz:

One Stone and Brick, Grist Mill and Privilege, with slate roof, containing four runs of Stones, two Flour Bolts, Wheat Cleanser, Corn and Cob Grinder, and Shed connected with the same, and sufficient land to accommodate the mill.

One Saw Mill 60 by 70 feet, with granite walls up to the sills, containing one Single Saw, one Circular Board Saw and Edger, one Slab Saw, one Circular Sawing Machine for sawing staves and pickets, one Cylinder Stave Saw and Jointer, with water wheel for the same, and privilege, together with the timber standing and down on ninety-seven acres of land owned by George F. North, and called the Thoms Lot, and estimated to be on said land about one hundred thousand pine and five hundred cords of spruce, fir, and cedar timber.

One Building 30 by 40 feet, two stories, containing one Shingle Machine and Jointer, Cutting-off Saw two Turning Lathes, Jig Saw, Cutting-off Saw, Bitt Machine, Splitting Saw, Heading Jointer, and two Water Wheels.

One Building 22 by 32 two stories, containing one Engine, Lathe, Grindstone, Portable Forge, and Anvil, with shafting and belts to drive the same.

One Lumber Shed, 50 by 70 feet.

One Steam Mill, containing one Shingle Machine, Cutting-off Saw, Cylinder Stave-sawing Machine, Two Cutting-off Saws, Shave Jointers, and about one hundred and fifty feet of shafting.

One Steam Engine, 35 horse power, with two 12-inch return-flue Boilers, 18½ feet long, 42 inches in diameter, force pump, steam guage, &c., all in good order, with land sufficient to accommodate the same.

One Store 30 by 40 feet, two stories, with Lot.

One Dwelling House, 26 by 36 feet, two stories, with Shed, Stable, and Lot, finished for two tenements.

One Dwelling House, 1½ stories, 18 by 24 feet, and Lot.

One Dwelling House, 1½ stories, 16 by 22 feet, with Cellar, Kitchen, Wood Shed and Lot.

About ten acres of good improved TILLAGE LAND well fenced, situated in Kenduskeag Village.

This property is situated in a thriving village, on a road, 12 miles from Bangor, and is a very desirable property for parties engaging in trade and the manufacture of Lumber, or for a manufactory of Furniture, or a Tannery.

Terms liberal and made known at time and place of sale.

For further particulars enquire of E. GARLAND, Esq., Kenduskeag, or of BENJ. BALL, Esq., or the Auctioneer in Bangor. jan 26—d&w

MARINE INSURANCE!

—AT—

HOME!

THE Union Insurance Company

INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF MARINE LOSSES at its Office, corner of State and Exchange Streets, Bangor.

Capital, . . $100,000

DIRECTORS,

SAMUEL VEAZIE, President Veazie Bank.

Hon. SAM'L F. HERSEY.

AMOS M. ROBERTS, President Eastern Bank.

W. D. SMITH, President Lumbermen's Bank, Oldtown.

WM. McGILVERY, President Searsport Bank.

HENRY PRENTISS, Esq., Dealer in Timber Lands.

GEO. STETSON, President First National Bank, Bangor.

FRANKLIN MUZZY, Firm of F. Muzzy & Co.

ARAD THOMPSON, Firm of Thompson & Hitchcock.

Hon. A. D. MANSON.

FRANCIS M. SABINE, Merchant.

Hon. JOHN A PETERS, Attorney General.

E. G. DUNN, Esq.

JOHN S. CHADWICK, Esq.

Hon. JAIAH STETSON, Firm of Stetson & Co.

JAMES LITTLEFIELD, Esq., Com'n Merchant.

EMUEL BRADFORD, Esq., Firm of Bradford, Hatton & Co.

NATHAN C. AYER, Firm of N. C. Ayer & Co.

THOS. J. STEWART, Esq., Com'n Merchant.

GEO. STETSON, Pres't.

S. CHADWICK, Sec't'y.

January 25th—ts

ROBES CLOSING OUT AT COST!

A LARGE LOT OF PRIME ROBES,

CONSISTING OF

Buffalo, Wolf, Coon, Kangaroo and Fox.

Also, an Extensive Assortment of

Sleigh and Carriage Shawls.

Call immediately or you lose them.

jan26—2w d&w (Times copy) JONES BROTHERS.

LESLIE'S BOOK OF FASHIONS for February, Received by CHAS. HIGHT.

jan 25

Good News! Good News!

Dr. Duponci's Lotion,

AN INFALLIBLE CURE FOR

ARMY ITCH.

ONE APPLICATION SUFFICIENT!

jan 26 For sale by B. F. BRADBURY.

FIRE INSURANCE!

INSURE IN THE

Union Insurance Company

Capital, $100,000.

No Assessments.

OFFICE—Corner of State and Exchange Streets, BANGOR.

GEORGE STETSON, President.

Jan'y 25 tf J. S. CHADWICK, Sec'y.

ANOTHER INVOICE

OF THOSE CELEBRATED

Jonathan Crook's Knives,

JUST RECEIVED AT

S. L. MERRILL'S.

Also, a good assortment of

Razors, Scissors, Pipes, Toilet & Fancy Goods,

jan 25 No. 4 Bowman's Block.

Green Wood!

FOR SALE. Apply at 44 Exchange Street.

jan16 MATHEW LINCOLN.

Choice Porto Rico Molasses,

ENGLISH CODFISH,

OOLONG AND JAPAN TEAS,

PURE COFFEES AND SPICES,

BUCKWHEAT AND GRAHAM FLOUR,

SYRUPS, SUGARS,

AND THE

Best Groceries Generally,

FOR SALE LOW BY

jan24 GEO. W. MANTON.

NOTICE.

ALL SCRIP issued by the subscriber will hereafter be forwarded to him, at Frankfort Mills, for redemption, instead of Searsport Bank.

FRANKLIN TREAT.

Frankfort Mills, Jan. 24, 1866 3tawlf

JANUARY HARPER, receipted by

dec27 D. BUGBEE & CO.

Mattresses!

I may not be generally known that I have set up a new HORNER FACTORY, for picking and cleansing Curled Hair and

MATTRESSES

which can be done much better and cheaper than by hand. By this process

Old Hair & Cotton Mattresses

can be made as good as new

I have constantly on hand

Curled Hair and Excelsior Mattresses

Of the best quality, of my own manufacture, which I sell as low as can be purchased in this city or Boston.

Hotels and Boarding Houses supplied at short notice.

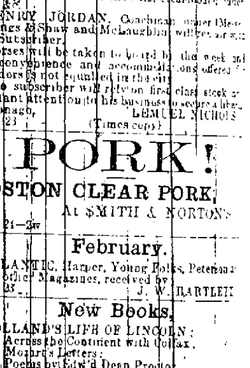
Orders will be promptly attended to at No. 4 Central Street.

Bangor, Jan. 22, 1866. W. M. PRESCOTT.

The Best Wringer Yet Out

WARRANTED

WITH



COG WHEELS!

CALL AND EXAMINE,

Take them on trial; and if not satisfied keep them not, return them to the agent at Bangor.

jan 25 FOGG & BRIDGE.

Have You Tried It?

American Heat Regulator.

IT SAVES ONE-THIRD YOUR FUEL.

And keeps your room at an even temperature.

OFFICE IN EXCHANGE BLOCK

GEO. W. TAYLOR, Agent for Bangor.

Bangor, Dec. 1865.

GEO. W. TAYLOR, Agent:

Having one of Pomroy's New American Heat Regulators, we desire to express our satisfaction with its workings. It accomplishes all that is represented, and more, and we would heartily recommend it as a fuel saver, as well as a regulator of heat.

W. G. TYLER, D. F. BRADBURY,

E. D. BRADBURY, W. H. PRESCOTT.

January 22. 1w

LIVERY STABLE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, formerly proprietor of the PARKER HOUSE, at Farmington, and the STAR HOUSE, at Newport, has disposed of the interest in those Houses, and also of the Lake House, Moosehead Lake; and having leased the stable formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, on Main street, in Bangor, will devote himself entirely to the business of keeping a

First Class Livery Stable,

in all its branches.

HACKS AND COACHES

With well trained horses and careful drivers, furnished at all hours for the use of Strangers and Travellers.

HENRY JORDAN, Gentleman Driver.

Horses will be taken to board by the week and the convenience and accommodations offered to boarders is not equalled in the city.

The subscriber will devote his first class stock constant attention to his business to secure a liberal patronage. SAMUEL NICHOLS

jan 23 (Times copy)

PORK!

BOSTON CLEAR PORK,

At SMITH & NORTON'S.

jan 24—3w

February.

ATLANTIC, Harper, Young Folks, Peterson and other Magazines, received by

J. W. BARTLETT.

jan 25

New Books.

HOLLAND'S LIFE OF LINCOLN; Across the Continent with Dolfax. Mozart's Letters; Poems by Edwin Dean Proctor; Elsie Lee, or Out in the Night—a Novel; and other New Publications, received by

jan 25 J. W. BARTLETT.

DANIEL WHITE,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Spectacles, Umbrellas, Musical Instruments, Best Violin and Guitar Strings, CUTLERY, PIPES, &c.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and all other Repairing done to order. Violin Bows Rosined.

DANIEL WHITE,

jan 12 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

NEW BOOKS.

MOZART'S LETTERS. Dean Bourne and the Army; Chamber's Lectures on the Removal of Life; Agnes and the Little Key—new edition of Herman, by Young Kankabond; Tasetame, by Swinburne; Robert Burbonian's Poem; and other books, received by jan 22 D. BUGBEE & CO.

February.

HARPER, Atlantic and Young Folks

jan 22 Received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

Hudson's Canceling Stamp.

THE BEST ARTICLE in the market—changing the date without taking the stamp apart. Is merely turning a button. Call and examine it.

jan5 D. BUGBEE & CO.

NOTICE

The Committee of Investigation into alleged Frauds in Enlistments,

will meet in the

SENATE CHAMBER,

—ON—

TUESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS,

at 7 o'clock.

All persons having knowledge of any facts connected with the subject matter of the inquiry are hereby requested to communicate the same to the Chairman, or to appear before the Committee.

GEO. W. WOODMAN,

GEO. F. SHEPLEY,

Augusta, Jan

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
Whig & Courier.

Arrival of Secretary Seward at Havana.

Brilliant Promises of Fenian Leaders.

Facts and Rumors from Mexico!

Later from Europe.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26.

The steamer Stars and Stripes, from Havana 20th inst., has arrived.

Secretary Seward and family had arrived at Havana.

A French transport had arrived at Havana from Vera Cruz with 900 troops.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.

Secretary Harlan was serenaded to-night by Iowa citizens.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 26.

At a Fenian meeting to-night, General Sweeny promised, if supported, to conquer a spot of British territory before next May, as a base from which to liberate Ireland.

Roberts promised to have the green flag reported within ninety days by the largest army of Irishmen the sun ever shone upon!

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.

The Senate to-day confirmed George M. Towle as consul to Nantes, H. C. Gibson as Secretary of Idaho, John Pratt as Marshal of New Mexico, A. Cummings as Governor of Colorado, P. F. Meagher Secretary of Montana, J. H. Slough Chief Justice New Mexico.

Tomorrow will be devoted to speech-making in the House. No business will be transacted.

Three women were arrested to-day in the East Room of the President's Mansion for stripping curtains.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.

The Union members of the Legislature in caucus have voted in favor of a registry law.

Advices from Mexico to the 5th inst. state that the Liberal Gen. Carona holds a position within forty miles of Mazatlan, although a strong force of the French was at the latter place. Carona remains undisturbed. He does not attack, knowing that he could not hold the place if he took it.

Much distress existed in the country and famine prices for food prevailed.

In Chihuahua all was well. The Liberal government was again established and needs no further molestation from the French.

Durango was still in the hands of the French and traitors, but the Liberal force was encircling the city in considerable numbers and a fight was looked for soon.

Mining shares weak—Savage 695, Ophir 2; Imperial 110, Yellow Jacket 340, Hall & Norcross 365, Alpha 265.

Legal tenders are 71.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

The Java, with two days later news from Europe is signalled.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26.

The U. S. sloop-of-war Ticonderoga, hence for Fayal, arrived at Lisbon Dec. 25. The rumor of a disaster to her are quicted by a letter received here to-day from one on board.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan 26.

The female emigrant ship "Continental", from New York for Oregon, has not been here, neither has she been heard from. The steamer R. R. Cuyler was mistaken for the Continental.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Steamship Java, from Liverpool 13th, via Queenstown 14th inst, arrived at this port at 1 o'clock this evening.

Steamship Virginia, from New York, arrived out on the 12th.

The political news is unimportant.

A violent snow-storm prostrated the wires and telegraphic communication with London had been suspended for two days, and continued uninterrupted when the Java left Liverpool.

The London Times editorially pronounces the African slave trade practically extinct.

The Fenian trials are still progressing.—The jury could not agree on a verdict in the case of Byrne, the prison warden, charged with aiding the escape of Stephens, and were discharged. Byrne remains in custody. It is reported that Stephens was not allowed to carry in Paris, and that he had gone to Geneva to confer with M. Hosen and members of his international revolutionary club.

Seven men were arrested in Dublin on the 11th. They were engaged in casting bullets at the time.

The London Star believes that Earl Russell has submitted his resorm bill to the Cabinet.

The Paris correspondent of The Times says:

The Mexican difficulty was before the last Ministerial Council, and all, or nearly all of the Ministers were in favor of the speedy recall of the French troops. The Emperor, it is said, does not think the moment has yet arrived to do so safely, at least not until the Emperor of Austria shall have completed the necessary foreign contingent to keep his brother on the throne.

Affairs in Spain show no change. Official despatches represent General Prim as in the mountains of Toledo, manœuvreing to reach the Portuguese territory.

Gen'l Coma has returned to Madrid, having been replaced by Serrano.

The provinces are reported quiet. There was considerable uneasiness at Madrid, but no outbreak.

Latest by Telegraph to Queenstown.

Liverpool, Jan. 13—Evening.—The steamship St. George, from New York, has arrived at Greenwich.

The telegraphic communication with London continues suspended.

The steamship Etna, from New York and Cuba from Boston, arrived here this morning.

The following are the latest telegrams from Spain:

Madrid, Jan. 11—An official despatch announces that the division of Gen. Scatala, marching from Malagon, and the column under the Governor af Cudad Real, advancing by the valley of the Guardaina, simultaneously with the force under General Echagne, have compelled the insurgents to leave the mountains of Toledo. They are now proceeding via Hotcoji towards the Portugese frontier.

Madrid, Jan. 11—11 p. m.—Official intelligence says Gen. Prim is retreating precipitately towards Portugal.

Fuentedel Arzobispo, the principal mountain passes, are held by the royal troops.

The dispersion of the Insurgents is complete.

Tranquility prevails throughout the country.

The government have demanded the authority of the Senate to arraign General Prim.

The disturbances which took place at Saragosa on the 7th inst were caused by certain measures of the authorities. Those measures having been recalled, no further troubles have occurred.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.

Flour dull.

Wheat declined 1 a 2 c—sales at 1,23½ a 1,23¾, closing weak at the inside price.

Corn dull.

Oats quiet.

Mess pork declined 50c—sales at 25,50 @ 26,00 for city—ordinary mess quiet at 25,00.

Sweet pickled hams quiet at 17c.

Green meats in moderate request—hams 14½ a 16.

Lard dull at 16½ a 17.

Hogs active at a decline of 50c—sales at 9,25 a 9,75.

Dressed hogs steady at 10,50 a 10,75.

Receipts—2800 bbls. flour; 9,000 bushels of wheat, 5,000 bushels corn, 10,000 bushels oats.

Shipments—1900 bbls. flour, 5,000 bush. wheat.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 26.

Flour steady.

Wheat dull at 1,70 for new red.

Hogs 25 cents lower—sales at 11,00.—Receipts 2100 head.

Mess Pork declining—sales at 28,00 @ 28,50.

Green meats in fair demand.

Lard dull at 17c.

Gold 139½.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Second Board. Stocks heavy—American Gold 1,39½.

U. S. Coupon Sixes of 1881 103¾.

U. S. 5-20's, 1862, 102½.

do do 1864, 101¼.

do do 1865, 101¾.

Treasury 7 3-10, 1st series, 98¾.

U S one year certificates 98¾.

U. S. 10-40 coupons 92¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

Cotton more steady—sales 3800 bales—Middling 47 a 48.

Flour—State and Western unchanged—sales 5500 bbls—Canada unchanged—Sales 200 bbls.

Wheat quiet and unchanged—sales 14,000 bush—Milwaukie Club, new No 1, 1,73 @ 1,75.

Corn 1c lower—sales 21,000 bush—mixed western 82@85½.

Beef steady.

Pork opened heavy and lower, but closed firm—sales 1100 bbls.—new mess at 28,25@ 29,00.

Lard is steady—sales 550 bbls. at 15¾@ 18 per pound.

Sugars steady—Sales 75 hhds—Muscovado 12¾@13; 300 boxes Havana at 11¾.

Coffee quiet.

Molasses quiet—sales 61 hhds. New Orleans at 1,10 a 1,15

Naval stores dull.

Petroleum steady—crude at 32@32½.

Freights to Liverpool quiet—cotton 3-16@ 7-16d.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26

Senate.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Finance Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing that directors of national banks give bonds as such.

A resolution was adopted, instructing the Pension Committee to inquire into the expediency of the payment of pensions to the widows of enlisted men employed as artificers.

A bill was passed extending the time for the withdrawal of goods from public storehouses.

Mr. Conness moved a reconsideration of the vote of yesterday, passing the bill enlarging the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau. He understood that it had been sent to the House, and moved that the Clerk of the Senate be instructed to withdraw it from that body.

Mr. Sumner hoped this motion would be voted down.

The vote on Mr. Conness' motion to recall the bill was against it.

Mr. Trumbull called up the bill to protect all persons in their civil rights.

The Senate then went into executive session.

Adjourned.

House.

A resolution was passed instructing the Military Committee to consider the expediency of a military road from Minnesota to the gold fields of Montana and Idaho.

The amendment bill being under consideration, in response to a query of Mr. Kelly, Mr. Harding said he would infinitely prefer giving the suffrage to white women than to negroes.

Mr. McKee controverted the position of Mr. Harding, and contended that no man who had raised his hand against the flag should ever be allowed to participate in our legislation.

Mr. Kerr opposed the adoption of any constitutional amendments, and denied the right of Congress to legislate on the suffrage right.

Mr. Kasson followed.

Adjourned.

The Joint Committee's Amendment Touching Suffrage.

Not a single journal so far as we have seen, disputes the intrinsic, fundamental justice of the constitutional amendment reported to the Senate by Mr. Fessenden and to the House by Mr. Stephens. Not even the loudest brawler for 'White Man's Government' assumes to show why, if blacks are to be excluded from the body politic, they should be counted as a basis of political power. Even the World can only say—

We defer what we may have to offer on the intrinsic merits of this proposition. Its merits are of minor consequence, since it is certain that three-fourths of the States will not ratify the amendment.

This is the crack of the slave whip; but there are no slaves left to cower before it.—Congress will not fear to be just. If the South is not willing to return to Congress, unless on condition that one of her citizens shall balance two of ours, we will endeavor to get on a while without her. But she will not be misled by her false friends into so unwise a course. If an ex-rebel is allowed to stand on an equal footing with a steadfast Unionist, he ought to be satisfied. If he is not now, he will be, meantime, we can wait.

A private note from J. D. Fulsifer, Esq., dated Bothwell, 10th instant, says that the Bohn, or Prince Well, on the farm adjoining the McMillan and McKay farms, was publicly tested by a disinterested committee of thirteen, of which Joel Perham, Esq., was chairman, and by actual measurement of the oil pumped in one hour and a half it was found to have yielded at that time at the rate of 160 barrels per day. The Badger and Mellen wells are pumping as usual.—The Lewiston well has been waiting for a fortnight for pump and pump-rods, which have been delayed on the route. The Maine Oil Co.'s well is ready for drilling. The Androscoggin well is still among the boulders. Other wells spread in Matteawan progressing as fast as the difficulties will permit.—Lewiston Journal.

Legislature of Maine.

AUGUSTA, Jan. 26.

SENATE.

Mr Perkins introduced bill, an act to extend the time for closing the concerns of the American Bank. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Barker,

Ordered, That the committee on the Judiciary be directed to inquire into the expediency of so amending chapter 102 of Public Laws of 1859, relative to competency of witnesses, as to make it apply to criminal as well as civil causes.

Mr Pierce presented the petition of Reuben Higgins, praying for action relative to the variation of the magnetic needle. Referred to committee on Education.

Mr Ramsdell presented the petition of A M Robbins and two hundred and two others praying for the passage of an act to equalize the bounties paid to volunteer soldiers, during the war of the rebellion, and it was referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

Mr Moore reported bill an act to incorporate the Middle River Dyke Company, and it was read and assigned.

Mr Pierce reported a resolve relative to granting aid to the Milford and Princeton Turnpike Company.

On motion of Mr Smith, this resolve was laid upon the table and ordered printed.

HOUSE.

A communication from Wales Hubbard, Esq., Reporter of Decisions of the Supreme Judicial Court, in reply to an order of the House of Representatives of the 15th inst., was read, to the effect that the printing of the 51st volume of the Maine Reports will be commenced on the 1st of February, and that seventeen weeks will be required for its publication; that it will contain 125 cases; that 104 cases will then remain, being those of the present year, and that if more cases are received as expected, there will as soon as the 51st volume is completed, be material for another volume; that the cause of the delay in publication has been that the Legislature has neglected to make appropriation for more than one volume in each year, so that reports are constantly in arrears; and that it is his intention soon to evacuate the office of Reporter of Decisions, the increased cost of printing and other causes, rendering the compensation for the labor to be performed far less than would be required for similar services professionally rendered.

Report of the Judiciary Committee on order relating to destruction of forests by fire, that legislation thereon is inexpedient, accepted by the Senate, was on motion of Mr. Brown of Hampden laid on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Governor of New Hampshire relating to the protection of migratory fishes on the Merrimac and Saco rivers.

Mr Shepley of Portland moved the reference of the communication to the Committee on Interior Waters.

Mr Woodman of Bucksport suggested the reference to the Committee on Fisheries.

After debate it was laid upon the table.

The county estimates sent down from the Senate, were, on motion of Mr. Williams of Augusta, referred to the Committee on County Estimates.

On motion of Mr. Payson of Westbrook,

Ordered, That the Committee on State Printing be instructed to inquire whether any further steps are necessary to secure a fair and impartial report of this House.

On motion of Mr. Goodwin of Wells,

Ordered, That the Committee on the Judiciary inquire into the expediency amending section 11 of chapter 105 of the Revised Statutes relating to the compensation of jurors, by striking out the word "one" and inserting instead thereof the word "two."

On motion of Mr. Shaw of Gouldsboro,

Ordered, That the Committee on Fisheries be instructed to inquire what further legislation is necessary to protect the porgy fishery by setting nets across inlets into bays.

Mr. Chesley of Lincoln from the Committee on Interior Waters, reported leave to withdraw on petition of J. M. Wiswell and others.

Mr. Coffin of Farrington, from the Committee on Claims, reported reference to the next Legislature on petition of John Relihan.

Mr Williams of Augusta, from the committee on Railroads, Ways and Bridges, reported, asking that they may be excused from further consideration of the Report of the Railroad Commissioner, and that the same be printed for the use of the Legislature.

The above reports were accepted.

Mr. Davis of Lubec, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported bill, and act to authorize Benj. Fowler to build wharves and fish weirs in Johnson's Bay, Lubec. Read and assigned.

Bill to incorporate the Sangerville Manufacturing Company was read the third time, on motion of Mr. Bryant of Dover, amended by substituting in the title and for the word "Manufacturing" the word "Factory," and passed to be engrossed.

Passed to be engrossed—An act to incorporate New Sharon Water Power Company; an act to incorporate the Androscoggin Land and Petroleum Company; an act to amend chapter 496 of the Private Acts of the year 1865, setting off a part of the town of Starks, and annexing the same to the town of Mercer; an act making valid the doings of the town of Princeton in voting to exempt certain property from taxation for the term of three years; an act to incorporate the South Berwick Savings Bank.

Mr. Bradbury of Hollis, called up the report of the Committee on Printing and Binding with the contract for the printing with Messrs. Stevens & Sayward. Mr. B. stated that he had no complaint to make of the manner in which the printing is done, nor of the price named in this contract, but he found, by examination of documents that the printing costs from $20,000 to $25,000. He could see no good reason why the State printing should not be opened to competition among the printers of the State and he proposed, at the proper time to propose a measure by which proposals may be issued for this service.

The contract was approved in concurrence.

Mr. Wilson of Rockland, called up the motion to reconsider the vote passing to be engrossed the bill relating to lime casks.

A great excitement was created in West Chester, Pennsylvania, one day last week, by the conduct of a man who drove up in front of the principal hotel in the village, and began scattering genuine five and ten cent currency among the crowd which gathered around him. Having attracted the attention of the populace, he sold a ten dollar bill for five dollars, and the five dollar bill received also for half its value. He then sold a quantity of gold rings at merely nominal prices, and handed back to purchasers the money paid as fast as received. The eccentric peddler then produced some medallions, which he said very valuable, and which, the method of his dealings having become generally known, were rapidly disposed of at ten dollars each. Having closed out his stock, the peddler remarked:—"I didn't say I would give you your money back on these," and left town on the next train. The West Chesterites proceeded to add up their gains, when they discovered that their medallions were worthless, and that notwithstanding the stranger's liberal dealing, they were in the end about $80 out of pocket. Although so green and so exploitable, the villagers had the presence of mind to telegraph to Philadelphia, and the swindler was arrested there. It may interest some of our readers to know that he gave his name as John Smith.—Boston Advertiser.

The Worcester train was an hour late last evening on account of the storm.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE. The Augusta correspondent of the Lewiston Journal holds forth as follows—

The committee of investigation on alleged frauds held their second meeting last evening. The Senate Chamber, where the hearing was held, was filled with spectators.—Adjutant General Hodsdon continued his evidence, followed by Attorney General Peters, but nothing was elicited implicating anyone. A letter was read from Mr. Bartlett of the Bangor Jeffersonian, who had been summoned to appear before the committee, who stated that it was impossible to appear; that he really knew nothing about any frauds, but as a public journalist he considered it a right he had to discuss the matter; but he was ready to appear if really wanted.

SAD ACCIDENT. A correspondent, writing from New Haven, informs us that while Charles Smith and John Wooster were gunning on the ledge at the entrance of the Thoroughfare, on Friday morning last, the gun of Wooster was accidentally discharged, by which his knee pan was badly shattered and his right arm wounded severely.—Rockland Gazette.

While Mr. F. T. Bailey was going to his dinner, on Friday last, and near Mr. L. L. Lowell's, a bullet, fired by some person on the hill, grazed his coat collar, and dropped in the snow a few feet from him. It was nearly spent. This should be a warning to persons not to fire guns within the limits of the city.—Calais Advertiser.

LIQUOR FOR LESS MONEY. The Gas Company Committee have proposed to the city, to reduce the price of gas from $4 to $3.70 per M.—to city and citizens—all alike; provided the city will agree to pay the same as private consumers.—Portland Advertiser.

In consequence of the limited quantity of of snow the ground is frozen unusually hard this winter. Many large cracks are traceable across the roads. The Telegraph describes these frost cracks as marking the surface in every direction in Brunswick, and in two instances as splitting trees which stand in their course. The phenomenon is owing to the contraction of the frozen soil by the extremity of the cold.—Farmington Chronicle.

—To be a woman of fashion is one of the easiest things in the world. A late writer thus describes it: "Buy everything you don't want, and pay for nothing you get; smile on all mankind but your husband; be happy everywhere but at home; neglect your children and nurse lap-dogs; go to church every time you get a new dress."

—It is to be inferred that they had a high old time at the raising of the Rev. Mr. Parker's church in Derry, N. H. in 1769, as the parish "voted that the Comity by four hundred weight, of Cheis, and two thousand Bisket, and three Barl of Rum, & five Barl of Syder, for the meeting hous raising."

—As there was ballot stuffing in every ward in Newport, on voting for or against the purchase of a steam fire engine, the city authorities have declared the affair null and void, and called for another trial of the question.

On Tuesday of last week the government sold 125 mules at Harrisburg, Pa., for an average price of 143.20. The mules were very superior and the price is the highest ever obtained.

—The correspondent of the Chicago Journal writes that Gov. Oglesby has been in Washington some days enjoying the luxury of a room in the third story of Willard's Hotel at the moderate *quid pro quo* of eighteen dollars per day." He says further: "This is not an isolated case, however, for your member from Chicago is a regular boarder, occupies a room on the second floor, about ten by fourteen, with not an unusually large bed in it, for which he remunerates the proprietor at the rate of only ten dollars per day, or three thousand six hundred and fifty per annum.

—The Empress Eugenie continues to set an example to the fashionable world as regards the simplicity of her dress. An American gentleman, an old friend of Louis Napoleon, recently breakfasted at the imperial palace when the Empress appeared in an English linsey, dress, dark colors, with a narrow linen collar and cuffs, and a blue neck tie—her hair dressed perfectly plain, turned back from the face and gathered into a knot behind. At a stag hunt a short while ago, Her Majesty, who merely drove to the rendezvous, wore a black silk dress, looped up over a merino petticoat, a violet plush paletot, and Marie Tudor hat of black velvet with a black aigrette in front.

—The people of Leyden, Holland, recently made a raid on the cats of the town, and in one night slew six hundred. The feline race had of late multiplied to such an extent in that city as to become a regular nuisance.

—A debating society out west, lately discussed the important question, whether a rooster's knowledge of daybreak is the result of observation or instinct.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

The discussion with regard to the President's position in respect to the District suffrage bill continues unabated, and most contradictory well-authenticated reports prevail in regard thereto. General Butler has had a conversation with him, and believes he will sign the bill as passed by the House; a leading Western Senator states that the President told him he would sign it in that form; while a member of the Cabinet was given to understand on Monday that it would not be signed, and a committee of so-called conservative republicans, who have been discussing the matter, claim to have assurances that it will be vetoed unless modified by the educational amendment.—[Sp. to Boston Adv.

Periodicals for February.

ATLANTIC, Harper, Arthur, Bellou, Our Young Folks and Spare Hours, received by
jan 22 CHAS. HIGHT.

OILS!

SPERM, LARD, WHALE, COAL, NEATSFOOT, ELAINE, and MYSTIC OILS.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers by
dec 30 BLOOD & ROWE.

SKATES and SLEDS,

AT
LESS THAN COST!

DESIROUS of closing out my stock of SKATES and SLEDS, I offer them at

10 PER CENT. LESS THAN COST.

Also, a good assortment of
Pocket Cutlery, Jewelry, Clocks, Watches, WATCH CHAINS, TOYS, &c. &c.
AT REDUCED PRICES.

At Daniel O. Stone's,
Jan 18—3law 4w No. 3 EXCHANGE STREET.

Notice.

THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of Logs that came through the Penobscot Boom in the months of April and May, 1865, TEN CENTS per thousand feet over a settlement of boomage on said Logs.
ABRAM MOOR,
Treasurer, P. L. A.
Bangor, January 17, 1866. jan18

DRESSED HOGS!

Just Received, a Large Lot of Extra
DRESSED HOGS,
SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES.
BEN J. BAILEY & CO.,
jan 11—2w Exchange Street.

As Low as the Lowest.!

WE ARE SELLING ALL KINDS OF
DRY GOODS,
—COMPRISING—
Plaid Goods, Dress Goods, Stuff Goods, ALPACAS, WOOLENS, DOMESTICS, SHAWLS, WORSTED GOODS, COTTON WARP, BATTING, WICKING, HOOP SKIRTS, BLANKETS, QUILTS, BALMORALS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.
As Low as They Can be Bought Elsewhere.
Call and secure the Bargains.
GOOD BARGAINS.
S. BOSTON, Jr., & CO
jan 8

REMOVAL.

J. H. Clarke, Fair Maker, Hatter, Furrier, and Cap Manufacturer,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY his friends and the public that he has removed to
No. 116, Over Mason, Lowell & Co's Apothecaries,
And is now selling at the lowest prices for cash, where he keeps a large assortment of Fancy Hats, Wigs, Beards and Combs, Waterproof Rolls, Ready-made and Natural Scenes; Hair stained of all colors; Hair Cut, Dyed and Shampooed. jan22

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE
Corner of Hammond and Central Streets,
Bangor, Me.

Cash Assets,	$14,000,000
Income for Current Year, all Cash,	3,500,000
Paid Claims by Death since formation of Company,	6,000,000
Receipts from Interest alone,	500,000

The Advantages Offered by the
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK,
ARE AS FOLLOWS:
It has a Larger Amount of ASSETTS than any other Company in this Country, amounting to

$14,000,000,

And are exclusively Cash!

DIVIDENDS ANNUALLY, and may be used as CASH in payment of PREMIUMS, or as an income when there is no Premium to pay.

Dividends declared upon a pure Mutual Plan, equitably dividing all the profits remaining after payment of expenses and the necessary reserves.

Rates of Premium are lower than in most Companies.

Premiums on Ten Year Policies cease at the expiration of ten years, making the policy A PAID UP POLICY, with Dividends still continuing a source of income during its existence.

All Policies issued by this Company participate in the Annual Distributions.

Policies issued so as to be non-forfeitable except by reason of direct violation of the condition of the Policy.

The safest and best investment that you can make of a few dollars, is to place it in A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY.

READER, ARE YOU INSURED?

If not, call upon the undersigned, and take a policy upon your life in the

Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF NEW YORK.

The Best and Safest Company in the U. S.

Why is it the Best and Safest?

Because it has double the Cash Assets of any Life Insurance Company, and will carry more than any Company in this country for the Policy Holders.

No man with a dependent family is free from reproach, if his life is not insured.

See to it before it's too late. Secure an Insurance on your life in this Company, by so doing you have made a wise investment. You will have the satisfaction of knowing that (when you are called hence) those you have loved, cared and provided for while here, are beyond the reach of want through your prudence and wisdom.

Information given, blanks, statements and circulars furnished, on application either in person or by mail to

Charles P. Wiggin,
AGENT.

Note carefully the name of this Company THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, that it may not be confounded with others somewhat similar.
jan 17

NEW PORK!

NEW LARD,
FLOUR, CORN AND MEAL,
For Sale Low for Cash at Wholesale,

Call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WALTER BROWN & SON,
jan 18. 114 and 118 Exchange Street.

FISH MARKET!

Norombega---Stall No. 2.

THE subscriber has taken the above Stall, in Norombega Market, where he is prepared to furnish the BEST

Fresh and Salt Fish,
—AND—
Oysters and Lobsters,

in their season, to all who will favor him with a call, and hopes, by prompt personal attention to his business, to merit public patronage.

Fish delivered in all parts of the city.
jan12. WILLIAM S. CARR.

RUBBER GOODS!

All kinds and descriptions,
AT THE
RUBBER STORE,
jan9 129 EXCHANGE STREET.

Notice.

THE Treasurer of the PENOBSCOT LUMBERING ASSOCIATION will pay back to the owners of Logs that came through the Penobscot Boom in the months of April and May, 1865, TEN CENTS per thousand feet over a settlement of boomage on said Logs.
ABRAM MOOR,
Treasurer, P. L. A.
Bangor, January 17, 1866. jan18

DOWN T'EY GO!

ALL OUR
DRESS GOODS
MARKED DOWN!

WE SHALL CLOSE OUT OUR
PLAIDS FROM 37½ TO 50 CENTS.
LYONESE (BEST QUALITY) ONLY 75 CTS.
REPS, CHOICE COLORS, ONLY $1.25.
ELEGANT BLK. ALPACAS VERY LOW.
ALSO—
SPLENDID ALL WOOL HOSE ONLY 50 cts.
HOME MADE FLANNEL, 75 cts. to $1.00.

WORSTED GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS, CAPES, SHAWLS, BASQUES, SACKS, &c.
—AT—
COST! COST!! COST!!

Remember the place, and call early.

Johnson Bros.,
15 West Market Square.
Bangor, Jan. 5th, 1866.—d&w tf

I WILL SELL

The Stock of Goods in Store
44 West Market Square,
AT PRICES LOWER
Than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere. I have a fine assortment of
TOBACCO & CIGARS,
AND A GOOD STOCK OF
GENERAL GROCERIES,
which I wish to close out in
THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.
E. B. PATTEN,
dec 28 44 West Market Square.

FURS!

FURS!!
FURS!!!
The Largest Stock,
AND LOWEST PRICES,
At HERSEY'S,
jan 9 No. 20 Main Street.

OATS---OATS!

FOR SALE BY
Car Loads,
or less quantities, by
J. C. TOWLE & CO.,
No. 2 BROAD STREET.

CLOAKS,
—AT—
COST AND LESS!
—AT—
Thompson & Hichborn's.
jan 1

TRACY'S
Patent Improved Gauge,
—FOR—
Hanging Gang Saws!

THESE GANG SAW GAUGES are superior to any other now in use. They save two thirds of the time over any of the old kinds, in changing, being made in sections varying from one, fourth of an inch, to three inches, and can be varied to any desired dimensions with perfect accuracy.

THEY ARE CHEAPER AND MORE DURABLE

Than any other, give a better bearing upon the saws, holds them firmer; and in two months will pay their cost in time saved by changing, to say nothing of their convenience in being varied to any dimension required.

State, County, and Town Rights for Sale,

For further particulars apply to the Inventor at Brewer Village, Maine, or Messrs PALMER & JOHNSON and THOMAS N. EGERY, Exchange Street, Bangor.
J. TRACY.
dec 19—6w*

To Whom it May Concern.

THIS MAY CERTIFY that we have been using the past season, Tracy's Patent IMPROVED GAUGES, for hanging gang-saws, and do not hesitate to say that the time saved in changing gauges during one season, will doubly compensate for the expense. The gauges are so arranged in sections that they may be changed to any desirable thickness in a very few minutes, and with perfect correctness. They are very durable, not likely to get out of order, and hold the saws much firmer than the old kind of gauges. We recommend them to owners of gang mills as being a time and money-saving invention.
PALMER & JOHNSON,
Bangor, Dec. 23, 1865. 6w*

AGENTS WANTED.

$10 TO $20 DOLLARS PER DAY
MADE SELLING THE GRANITE STATE SEWING MACHINE, acknowledged to be the best cheap machine in market. For particulars address S. C. FORSAITH,
jan 3—4w† Manchester, N. H.

Prepared Wood.

WE are now delivering HARD & SOFT WOOD, at reduced rates. C. A. BABCOCK & CO.
January 15, 1866.

Oats.

3000 BUSHELS just received and for sale by
nov16 P. P. PEARSON & SON,
No. 117 Exchange Street.

New Wood Yard.

The subscribers have opened at their *Upper Wharf*, in connection with their Coal Business, a *WOOD YARD*, where they are ready to supply
PREPARED
Hard and Soft Wood,
at the lowest market rates. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to.
C. A. BABCOCK & CO.
nov21sn3w—a6w

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of JONES & FIFIELD, are requested to call at JONES BROTHERS' and settle with me immediately.
jan 8—tf. SILAS D. JONES.

BUTTER!

CHOICE
FAMILY BUTTER,
JUST RECEIVED.
J. C. Towle & Co.,
jan 2 NO. 2 BROAD STREET.

Timekeepers for the Million!

THE PEOPLE'S IMPROVED
Pocket Time-Keeper,
PRICE, 25 CENTS EACH.

THE most novel and useful invention of the age. Constructed on the most approved principles, and warranted to denote correct time with greater accuracy than the most expensive watch ever produced, and can never get out of order. No family should be without it.

Price, with white enameled dial, gold or silver rim, 25 cents, and sent by mail to any part of the country or British Provinces. Address, with 3 cent stamp,
P. G. HOMER,
BOSTON.
jan 3—4w M

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A STAND IN FRANKFORT VILLAGE, situated as pleasantly as any in the place. House large and convenient, connected with the barns by L and shed. All in good condition and repair, with plenty of hard and soft water.

Or, the Captain Carlton Farm, so called, on the back road from Winterport village to Hampden Corner, one mile distant from Winterport. The land is all of excellent quality, exactly the kind to be cultivated with horses. The stock and tools will be sold with the farm if desired. Among the farming tools are all the modern improvements, making agriculture almost entirely a business of recreation.

The undersigned wishes to sell one of the above named places—is not particular which. Persons want of either will be satisfied both with the terms and the condition of the property. E. MANTER.
Winterport, Jan. 18, 1866 3w

Timber Lands for Sale.

FOR SALE, about 12,000 acres of Timber Lands, in *Westfield, Aroostook County*. These lands are covered with a growth of valuable timber, and are among the best farming lands in the County. Terms favorable to purchasers, both as to price and time of payment.

Apply to JAMES BRACKEN, Rockland; CHARLES D'BRYANT, Bangor; JAMES C. MADIGAN, Agent of said lands, Houlton; or of J. N. TRUWORTHY Westfield.
nov 10—d&w tf.

Statement
OF THE BUSINESS OF THE
Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company,

For the year ending Dec. 31, 1865, and Exhibit of the condition of the Company at that date.

Amount at risk Jan. 1, 1865,	$469,233	$34,216	21
Amount of risks taken during the year,	1,426,399	73,069	56
	2,893,632	107,285	77
Terminated and re-insured,	2,329,882	67,096	46
	565,650	40,189	31
Premiums earned after paying Re-insurance,		60,851	51
Policy account,		298	50
Interest account,		4,513	82
Am't to profit and Loss, Dec. 31, 1864,	21,405 14		
Less amt dividends, 1864,	15,200 12	6,275	02
Amount of Losses paid in 1865,	39,834 53		
Less collected, re-insurance, &c.	6,776 86		
	33,058 23		
Expenses, including In. Rev. tax,	3,507 86		
Profit and Loss for 1866,	25,572 76	71,938	85

ASSETS.

Bills receivable,	58,980 12
Cash,	15,501 58
Bangor City Bonds,	7,000 00
State of Maine Bonds,	2,512 50
U. S. 5-20 Bonds,	31,396 87
U. S. 7-30 Bonds,	3,100 00
Stock in 2d National Bank, Bangor,	10,000 00
Stock in Kenduskeag Nat. Bk., Bangor,	10,000 00
Due the Co. on ac. for premiums,	9,402 80
Office Furniture,	1,000 00
	$136,883 87

LIABILITIES.

Bills payable,	652 00
Scrip of the Company,	55,875 00
Losses adjusted—unpaid,	1,829 28
Estimated to pay losses known, but not adjusted,	12,960 00
Estimated cost to reinsure all risks,	22,500 00
Balance of assets over actual and estimated liabilities,	42,076 59
	$136,883 87

S. H. DALE, President.
jan16 J. B. FOSTER, Secretary.

HAMPDEN ACADEMY.

THE SPRING TERM of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, Feb. 19, and continue eleven weeks, under the old Board of Instructors.

W. H. LAMPREY, A. B., Principal.
Miss RUTH BEACH, Preceptress.
Miss LIZZIE CROSBY, Teacher of Drawing, Painting, &c.
Miss CLARA C. HILL, Teacher of Music.
H. M. FOSS, Teacher of Penmanship.

This is one of the oldest Institutions of learning in the State—having been incorporated in 1803—and has constantly enjoyed a most deserved popularity, which it is the effort of the present Instructors to sustain.

The Academy is pleasantly situated between the villages of Upper and Lower Hampden, on an elevated and healthful situation, sufficiently retired from the business parts of the villages to make it a very desirable place for study. The school rooms are commodious, and have of late been refitted in the most approved manner.

The villages of Hampden offer to Students resorting here, the various advantages of good society, several meetings of public worship, good boarding places, and very easy access from almost every quarter.

Boarding places can be secured, and further particulars had, on addressing the Principal.

Instruction will be eminently practical in such studies as Book-Keeping, Surveying, &c. The principles of the Natural Sciences will be suitably illustrated. Navigation, and the higher branches of Mathematics will be thoroughly taught; and those preparing to teach will receive especial attention.

Especial care will also be bestowed upon those pursuing the Ancient Languages preparatory to entering College, or otherwise.

Those studying the Modern Languages will have the benefit of a most thorough and accomplished Teacher in that department.

As the Academy is provided with a well-furnished Laboratory, those pursuing the subject of Chemistry will here receive a most important advantage.

A well-selected Library of about six hundred volumes, is open to the use of Students, and furnishes valuable means for reading and reference.

TUITION.

Common English,	$4.00
Higher English,	4.50
Languages,	5.00

It is very desirable that Pupils should commence with the opening of the Term—and no bill for Tuition will be made for less than half a Term, except in case of sickness. DANIEL CROSBY,
Sec'y of Trustees.
Hampden, Jan. 20th, 1866. dtf19

FLOUR! FLOUR!

400 Bbls. Western
AND
Extra State Flour,
At GEO. C. PICKERING'S
jan 3—2m 45 West Market Square.

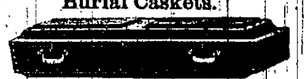
Deering, Milliken & Co.,

Successors to G. L. Storer & Co.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods, Woolens,
And Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Clothing and Cloaks.
AGENTS FOR
Empie Sewing Machines
FOR THE STATE OF MAINE.
58 and 60 Middle Street. PORTLAND
s18d2w6mos.

Flour.

500 BBLS. DOUBLE EXTRA, Extra, and Superior. Also, a few Choice Brands in half bbls.—at low prices for cash.
nov15 P. P. PEARSON & SON.

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.



HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS.
GOT up in the best style, and for sale at the lowest Prices. Also PLATES, ROPES, &c.
E. H. TEBBETTS.
No

Whig & Courier

THE SNOW.

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
Filling the sky and earth below;
Over the house-tops, over the streets,
Over the heads of the people you meet,
Dancing,
Flirting,
Skimming along;
Beautiful snow! it can do no wrong,
Flying to kiss a fair lady's cheek,
Clinging to lips in a glorious freak,
Beautiful snow from the Heaven above,
Pure as an angel, gentle as love!

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
How the flakes gather and laugh as they go;
Whirling about in the maddening fun,
It plays in its glee with every one,
Chasing,
Laughing,
Hurrying by,
It lights on the face and it sparkles the eye!
And even the dogs with a bark and a bound,
Snap at the crystals that eddy around!
The town is alive, and its heart is aglow!
To welcome the coming of beautiful snow!

How the rich man's coach goes swaying along,
Hailing with dignity, humor and song,
How the gay sleighs, like meteors, flash by,
Bright for the moment, they lost to the eye.
Ringing,
Swinging,
Dashing they go,
Over the crest of the beautiful snow!
Snow so pure when it falls from the sky,
To be trampled and tracked by the crowd rushing by,
To be trampled and tracked by the thousands of feet,
Till it blends with the filth in the horrible street.

CONCERNING LAUGHTER.

There are times when the body craves for laughter as it does for food. This is the laughter which on some occasion or other has betrayed us all into a scandalous, unreasonable, remorseful gaiety. After long abstinence from cheerful thought, there are few occasions so sad and solemn as to render this importune revolt impossible, unless where grief absorbs the whole soul, and lowers the system to a uniformity of sadness. In fact, as no solemnity can be safe from incongruities, such occasions are not seldom the especial scene of these exposures—of explosions of a wild, perverse hilarity taking the culprit unawares, and this even while he is aghast at his flagrant insensibility to the demand of the hour. This is the laughter so often ascribed to Satanic influence. The nerves cannot forego the wanted stimulus, and are malignantly on the watch, as it were, to betray the higher faculties into this unseemly indulgence. Thus John and Charles Wesley, in the early days of their public career, set forth one particular day to sing hymns together in the fields; but, in uplifting the first stave, one of them was suddenly struck with a sense of something ludicrous in their errand, the other caught the infection, and both fell into convulsions of laughter, renewed on every attempt to carry out their first design, till they were fain to give up and own themselves for that time conquered by the Devil.

There is a story of Dr. Johnson much to the same purpose. Naturally melancholy, he was yet a great laugher, and, thus was an especial victim to the possession we speak of. For no one laughs in depression who has not learned to laugh in mirth. He was dining with his friend Chambers in the Temple, and at first betrayed so much physical suffering and mental dejection that his companion could not help boring him with remedies. By degrees he rallied, and with the rally came the need of reaction. At this point Chambers happened to say that a common friend had been with him that morning making his will. Johnson—or rather, his nervous system—seized upon this as the required subject. He raised a judicious picture of the testator going about boasting of the fact of his will-making to anybody that would listen, down to the inn-keeper on the road.

Roaring with laughter, he trusted that Chambers had had the conscience not to describe the testator as of sound mind; hoped there was a legacy to himself, and concluded with saying that he would have the will to set to verse and a ballad made out of it.—Mr. Chambers, not at all relishing this pleasantry, got rid of his guest as soon as he could. But not so did Johnson get rid of his merriment; he rolled in convulsions till he got out of the Temple Gate, and then, supporting himself against a post, sent forth peals so loud as, in the silence of the night, to be heard from Temple Bar to Fleet Ditch. We hear of stomach coughs; this was a stomach, or ganglionic laugh.

The mis-timed laughter of children has often some such source as this, though the sprite that possesses them has rarely the gnome-like eccence. A healthy boy, after a certain length of constraint, is sometimes as little responsible for his laughter as the hypochondriac. Mrs. Beecher Stowe, in describing, and even defending, a Puritanical strictness of Sabbath observance, recalls the long family expositions and sermons which alternated in her youth with prolix meeting services, at all of which the younger members of the family were required to assist in profound stillness of attention. On one of these occasions, on a hot summer afternoon, a heedless grasshopper of enormous dimensions leapt on the sleeve of one of the boys. The tempting diversion was not to be resisted; he slily secured the animal, and imprisoned a hind leg between his firmly compressed lips.

One by one, the youthful congregation became aware of the awkward contortions and futile struggles of the long-legged captive; they knew that to laugh was to be flogged, but after so many sermons the need was imperative, and they laughed, and were flogged accordingly.

Different from all these types is the grand frank laugh that finds its place in history and biography, and belongs to master minds.—Political and party feeling may raise, in stirring times, any amount of animosity, even in good-natured men; but once bring about a laugh between them, and an answering chord is struck, while is established not easily broken. Something of the old rancor is gone forever. There is a story of Canning and Brougham, after hating and spitting one another through a session, finding themselves suddenly face to face in some remote district in Cumberland, with only a turnpike gate between them. The situation roused their magnanimity, simultaneously they broke into laughter, and passed each on his separate way, better friends from that time forth.

No honest laugher knows any thing about his own laugh, which is fortunate, as it is apt to be the most grotesque part of a man, especially if he is anything of an original. Character, humor, oddity, all expatiate in it, and the features and voice have to accommodate themselves to the occasion as they can. There is Prince Hal's laugh, it fill his face like a wet cloak, ill laid up; there is a laugh we see in Dutch pictures, where every wrinkle of the old face seems to be in motion; there is the convulsive laugh, in which arms and legs join; there is the whinney, the ventral laugh, Dr. Johnson's laugh like a rhinoceros, Dominie Sampson's laugh laughing without any intermediate stage into deep gravity, and the ideal Social laugh—the lighted and delighting chuckle which ushers in a joke, and the cordial triumphant laugh, which sounds its praise.—[Sat. Review.

THE TELEGRAPH SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.—The Telegraph system of the United States is rapidly becoming very complete. Of course the best of telegraph follow the lines of trade and travel, and consequently do not cover so closely the Southwestern States as they do the rest of the country.

The American Telegraph Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company, by means of contracts with the Cuba, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland companies, on the one hand, and with Canada on the other, connect with the Atlantic cable, and thus form a complete system of telegraphic communication between the United States and Europe. The Western Union Company has also a contract with the Russian government for the construction of a line through the Russian territory to the mouth of the Amoor River, on the Pacific coast, and thence by a cable to Japan. There are, too, three Atlantic cable companies, practically an exclusive competition with the Atlantic cable if ever be laid. Their lines, and the lines with which they are thus connected, begin at Cape Race, Halifax and Father Point on the northeast; they go to New Orleans on the southwest; they reach San Francisco on the Pacific, and, through California, the British possessions to the north of Oregon.

There are two wires through the length of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, three others between Bangor and Boston; thirteen through wires from Boston to New York, fourteen through wires between New York and Washington; two between New York and Pittsburg; ten between Buffalo and Chicago.

South of Washington they connect with all the important towns on the Atlantic coast, and Augusta, and an inland line connects Lynchburg, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.

In the Northern States there are stations in almost every town, and between all the largest cities there are several distinct routes.

West of the Mississippi River, they reach Western Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Salt Lake. Two wires run from St. Louis west to Omaha, Nebraska Territory; one runs from the same place to Fort Smith, Arkansas, connecting with the line to Houston and Galveston, Texas.

From Omaha west, one wire runs to Denver City and other points in Colorado, and another to Salt Lake and San Francisco; thence northward to New Westminster in British Columbia. A second wire is to be constructed soon from St. Louis (via Omaha) to San Francisco.

Under the same control is to be the Overland Line to Europe, six hundred miles of which has been opened to the public, north of New Westminster, within the last three months.

Of course, too, as industry and traffic recover in the South new lines of telegraphic communication will be opened there. The whole country will soon be a mere cobweb. —[New York World.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.

The Senate was to-day the scene of an old fashioned debate on the Freedmen's Bureau bill, which was commenced by Mr. Saulsbury of Delaware, and of which the prominent feature was a speech of rare ability from Mr. Fessenden of Maine, whose position in the Senate, and as Chairman of the Joint Committee on Reconstruction, gave additional weight to to his arguments. I will give a meagre abstract of his remarks:

SENATOR FESSENDEN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Fessenden commenced by pertinently replying to the declaration of Mr. Saulsbury, that a continuance in the kind of measures now under consideration would very soon put the Democratic party in possession of both halls of Congress. He did not know that he should hesitate to do what he believed to be right and proper, even in view of such a calamity as the accession of the Democratic party. If he really believed that such a consummation was to come about he did not know but he might hesitate a little, dreading the evil so much; but he did not apprehend any such result as so near at hand that it ought to influence his action in measures that he thought proper and just. Let us, said Mr. Fessenden, examine the condition in which we and ourselves at the close of a great war, brought upon us by the Democratic party. The great mass of the Democratic party—the leading portion of it—was the Southern portion. I do not say that all the Democrats were in favor of bringing on the war. I acknowledge that a very great portion of them have proved themselves to be good and true patriots; but I do say that the support which the Democratic party gave to the South in all its measures of aggression was a degree of encouragement without which I do not believe the war would ever have occurred. That has been my opinion always, and I have no hesitation in expressing it now. If the war was brought upon us by the South itself, and a result has followed which may be grievous to them for a series of years, is not for them to complain. They initiated the war, and drove us to the necessity of prosecuting it, and if the result is disastrous and continues to be oppressive, so far as the necessary measures are concerned, they have themselves to thank for it, and cannot complain of the Congress of the United States. If the Democratic party, as a party, in its previous course is responsible in any degree for the condition of things that exists, it is not for that party, as a party, to complain of the measures which may be found necessary at present. I make a distinction, however, between the rank and file of the Democratic party, and those of that party who acted in advance of the party. Many Democrats had shown themselves lovers of the country. The great mass of the Democratic party fought bravely to sustain the government throughout in a manly and patriotic way. We hear much, said Mr. Fessenden, of the disruption of the Union party—of the overthrow we are about to experience. All of the good time coming is to be for those who are not now having the most agreeable time in the world. Perhaps it may come. It is not for me to say that it will not. Perhaps the great party which has control of the country at the present time will commit such errors that the people will get tired of it and wish for a change. Nothing is more natural. The possession of power for a long time is apt to make men careless, if not corrupt, and it is a good thing in a Republic that the people can change, and do change their rulers. But let me say that I hope the party in power will continue therein long enough to set things right, so that when there is a change there will not be so great a capacity for evil as there would have been if we had not got into power. We will endeavor to strengthen the country, if we cannot strengthen ourselves. As good patriots we will do what we can for the public good while we remain in power, and will not be frightened by threats that we hear made.

Mr. Fessenden then discussed the bill before the Senate, answering some of the objections raised against it by Mr. Hendricks, and in conclusion referred to the subject of reconstruction. He had noticed that some gentlemen were a little anxious to discuss this matter before they had the benefit of the fact that the special committee might be able to state the conclusion to which they might finally come. That was a matter for every gentleman to judge by himself, and for himself. But there was one thing upon which he wished to say a word. Senators have in the course of debate chosen to talk a great deal about the policy of the President, and the policy of Congress. I cannot understand why gentlemen of the other side of the house, and gentlemen of the same way of thinking on this subject, should be so very anxious to get up the idea that there is a collision of opinion between the President and Congress. We have all sorts of rumors wherein the wish is the father of the thought. Mr. Fessenden would advise all who wished such a state of affairs to come about not to flatter themselves with any such idea. He had not as yet seen the slightest indications, and he did not expect to see any.

Even supposing there was a difference of opinion as to certain extents to the time and manner of accomplishing a great work, which, before the close of the session, he hoped would be accomplished, at the earliest possible day, did it follow because of the difference of opinion that there was to be a collision that was getting about? He knew well that those who wished to see the Union broken and sundered appreciated the value of the Union, and that those who wished to see it restored were his best friends and not doing their best to accomplish that end. Did they want the President to compromise when they intimated that he was not firm which in those matters himself.

There is no collision, said Mr. Fessenden, between the President and his friends in Congress, and I make the announcement for the benefit of the country. The President has done nothing that his friends complain of. As Commander-in-Chief of the Army he had appointed Provisional Governors in the South, but he had not attempted to do anything which, under the Constitution, he had no right to do, or which belonged to Congress to do.

In concluding his eloquent remarks, Mr. Fessenden declared his desire to have the Union fully and speedily restored without the imposition of degrading conditions upon the South, who were to form a part of the Union so restored.

Mr. Fessenden was followed by Mr. Hendricks, and other Senators participated. A vote might have been reached had not Mr. McDougall of California persisted in commencing a speech, which was so vague and indefinite that it soon provoked an adjournment.

The Senate will not act hastily upon the House bill granting suffrage in this District, and it is not improbable that the bill may yet be amended. That the blacks are to be permitted to vote is a fixed fact, but harmony and unity are also desirable.—[Wash. Cor. Boston Journal.

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and save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs, to procure a job of Printing.

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP WITH THE

New Improvements,

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AND GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS

AS GOOD WORK AS CAN BE SECURED.

We have now in our Office, among other Material

A SPLENDID

Babcock Steam Power Press;
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As Cheap as any other Establishment in this vicinity.

Persons wishing for work in our line are invited to call, as

We Can Suit Them,

BOTH AS TO STYLE AND PRICE.

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Black, Blue, or Red Ink,

OR WITH

TWO OR MORE COLORS,

And particular attention paid to

BRONZE WORK!

REMEMBER THE PLACE!

No. 1,

BOWMAN'S BLOCK,

East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

ON THE LOWER FLOOR.

WHEELER & LYNDE.

Bangor, January 18, 1866.

Steam Bakery.

THE subscribers having added a Steam Engine to their machinery for Baking, and enlarged their shop, are prepared to furnish every description of White, Brown, and Graham

Bread, Crackers, Soda, Pilot and Hard Bread for the Woods, and Ship Bread.

PASTRY, of all kinds, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail.

Flour manufactured by the Barrel. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

S. Emery & Son,
No. 8 PICKERING SQUARE.

Bangor, Nov. 24, 1865

Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!
Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy
Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is

WARRANTED!

IT IS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, try it for yourself the fact that it is the BEST ARTICLE ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

REMEMBER that the genuine is put in pint bottles and is WARRANTED.

J. Alden & Co., H. P. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and T. S. Hartshorn, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists everywhere.

Bucksport, Oct. 17, 1865. 3m

Navy Tobacco!

GEO. HARGREAVES has had in all grades of Tobacco and Cigars, of

Jan 13 B. F. BRADBURY'S.

E. T. Wasgatt, Dentist,

OFFICE, Kenduskeag Bridge
Up the same flight of stairs as Sawyer's Photograph Rooms.

DWINEL HOUSE,

E. W. HASEY & SON, - - Proprietors.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY invite the travelling community, who desire good fare and first rate accommodations, to give our house a call.

The Dwinel House is favorably located in the center of business, the rooms are large, well furnished, well lighted, and comfortable.

The TABLE will be supplied with such substantials and delicacies as the best markets afford.

Our STABLE is one of the best in the city—commodious, accessible and warm; and is attended by experienced and faithful Hostlers. It has a constant supply of pure water, and excellent hay, grown from our own farms.

The vegetables for the table, together with butter, milk, &c., are mainly furnished from our garden and dairy.

Hay scales, for weighing hay, straw, &c., in front of the stable.

A coach always in readiness to take passengers to the cars and boats.

As we are the sole lessees and managers of the house for a term of years, we shall do our best to make it comfortable and agreeable home for all, both in the city and country, as well as those visiting Bangor from Boston and other localities out of the State.

dec 20—3m.*

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. R. Huntress, as Clerk. And by his experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook, *or any other man.*

GEO. BARKS, Proprietor.

Houlton, July 1, 1865. 1y5

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Traveling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

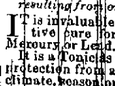
There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Harlow Street, Bangor, Maine.



This well and favorably known Hotel, having the past season been enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, has now all the appointments of a first class Hotel.

The subscribers, having leased the above House for a term of years, and having had several years experience in the business, flatter themselves, by strict and personal attion, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

In location, this house has no superior, being in a central position, and on one of the pleasantest streets in the city. In connection is a large and commodious Stable, in the care of attentive Ostlers; also a Livery Stable, which will always be supplied with first class teams.

Stages leave the house daily, for all parts of the country. McLAUGHLIN & SON

WM. D. McLAUGHLIN,
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
Bangor, March 5 1860.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

Sarsaparilla Compound,

For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of

Liver Complaints, Scrofula or King's Evil, Eruptions, and all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Boils, Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains in the Bones, Side and Head; for the various Weaknesses to which Females are liable, Dyspepsia, Debility, Emaciation, Dropsy, and all diseases resulting from or in an impure state of the Blood.

IT is invaluable to Nervous Sufferers, and a positive cure for Palsy arising from the abuse of Mercury or Lead.

It is a Tonic as well as an Alterative, and a sure protection from attacks that originate in change of climate, season or life.

LIVER COMPLAINTS and their combined symptoms, such as Lumbago, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Bilious Eruptions, &c. When caused by *Scrofula* taint, this compound is a most effectual remedy.

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, is often caused by Scrofula, which deranges the stomach, and renders it unhealthy. Indigestion is not always caused by Scrofula, when it is, this Sarsaparilla Compound is a ready cure.

NEURALGIA, HEADACHE and various disorders of the nervous system frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are much relieved and often cured by this powerful remedy.

ERYSIPELAS, Boils, Tumors, or Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Sores, &c., &c. Moderate doses three times a day will usually effect the cure of the above complaints, but often require a considerable time.

Price one dollar per bottle. Six bottles for five dollars.

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ALL-CONQUERING

INDIAN VEGETABLE PULMONIC SYRUP,

A Sovereign Remedy for Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

Unsurpassed by any Medical Discovery in the World. DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor.
Melrose, Mass.

Price 50 Cents and $1.00 per Bottle.

DR. KNIGHTS'

Oriental Hair Restorer.

After a long series of experiments, this article, as it is now offered to the public, is believed to be the most perfect of its kind which science has ever devised. No pains have been spared to produce what has so long been demanded by thousands, who, from sickness or other causes, have become prematurely grey and others, who, in the sere and yellow leaf of life, would retain as far as possible, the semblance of youth. Dr. KNIGHTS' ORIENTAL HAIR RESTORER, A few applications *restores grey or faded hair to its original color*, and is the only preparation of the kind upon which the public can place any reliance. *It has never been known to fail in a single instance*, and is totally unlike the thousand and one so-called Hair Restorers by which so many have been grievously deceived.

It is delightful to perfume, gives the hair a rich and glossy appearance, promotes its luxuriant growth, and will not soil the skin, scalp, or any article of apparel.

PRICE 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

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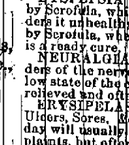

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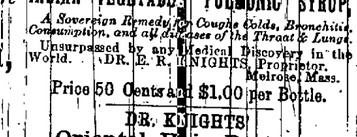

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UPWARDS of 12,000 of these Pistols have been furnished the Government, and have given entire satisfaction in the service. They are the best and most reliable Revolver yet offered to the public. For sale by gunsmiths generally, and by the trade throughout the country.

Manufactured by E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, N. Y.

ask the Revolving Rifle, Carbines, Revolvers, Sporting Rifles, &c.

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Picture Frame Maker, and Burnisher.

WM. TODD, No. 11 Ste. Would respectfully solicit a call from his friends and the public in general, feeling confident that by strict attention to business, and a desire to please customers, he shall merit a liberal share of public patronage.

SHOP—Rear of Todd's Block, Central street, Bangor.

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Street, that side next Union street, who will make to order, and keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Looking Glass and Picture Frames, of every description, at as low prices as can be found in the city. Old Frames re-gilded, and Looking Glass Plates resilvered in the best manner. Old Looking Glasses and Pictures repaired or exchanged for new ones. Please call and examine for yourselves and be convinced.

WM. TODD'S

Bangor, July 25, 1865. 6m

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The splendid and fast Steamships *Chesapeake*, Capt. W. W. Sherwood, and *Franconia*, Capt. H. Sherwood, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock P. M., and Pier 38 East River, New York, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accomodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, Cabin passage $6. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to

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H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
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Portland, June 1, 1865

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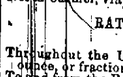
THE STEAMERS

Forest City, Lewiston and Montreal,



Will until further notice run as follows:

Leave Atlantic Wharf, Portland, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday at 7 o'clock, P. M.; and India Wharf, Boston, every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 5 o'clock P. M.

Fare in cabin, $2 00
Freight taken as usual.

The Company are not responsible for baggage to any amount exceeding $50 in value, and that personal, unless notice is given and paid for at the rate of one passenger for every $500 additional value.

Feb. 18, 1865. L. BILLINGS, Agent.

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 ¾ P. M., and from 8½ to 9 P. M.

Western mail closes at 6 A. M.; North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P. M., all other closes at 9 P. M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the correct time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Brownsville and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrival.		Departure.	
Western, (arrives at depot)	7.32	P. M.	7.00	A. M.
Augusta,	9	P. M.	5.	A. M.
Calais and St. John,	6	A. M.	9.30	P. M.
Belfast,	9	P. M.	5.	A. M.
Ellsworth, Machias, &c.,	6	P. M.	9.30	P. M.
Houlton,	7	P. M.	6.	A. M.
Castine and Bucksport,	5	P. M.	8	A. M.
Upper Stillwater,	7	P. M.	6	A. M.
Dexter, via Kenduskeag,	5	P. M.	8.	A. M.
Brownville, via Bradford,	6	P. M.	7.	A. M.
Greenville, via Monson,	9	P. M.	5.	A. M.
North Carmel, via Hermon,	12	M.	3.	P. M.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 2,500 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 1,500 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State, where published and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.					
do	8	do	do	12	do 6 do
do	12	do	do	16	do 8 do

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

If not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.					
do	8	do	do	12	do 12 do
do	12	do	do	16	do 16 do

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents per ounce; 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by Hamburg mail, (except Bremen, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.
do by Hamburg mail, (except Hamburg, Frankfort, Luxemburg, Wurtemburg, Holland, and the Netherlands) 15 cts. half oz.

To Bremen, by Bremen mail, 10 cts. half ounce.
To Hamburg, by Hamburg mail, 10 cts. half ounce.
To Frankfort and Wurtemburg, by Bremen mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Luxemburg, by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 22 cents half ounce.
To Holland and the Netherlands, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Austria and its States, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail (except Provinces in Italy), 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce.
To Russia, by Prussian closed mail, 35 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Prussia, by Prussian closed mail, 30 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Sardinian States, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cts half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen and Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Lombardy, by Prussian closed mail, 40 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 15 cents half ounce.
To Parma and Modena, by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 25 cents half ounce.
To Papal States, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 28 cents half ounce.
To Tuscany, by Prussian closed mail, if prepaid, 40 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 21 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To the two Sicilies, by Prussian closed mail, 47 cts. half ounce—prepaid.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British Packet, 5 cents half ounce.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 30 cents quarter ounce; 42 cents half ounce.
To Portugal, by French mail, 21 cents quarter oz.; 42 cents half ounce—prepaid.
do by British mail, via England, 33 cents half ounce.
To Denmark, by Prussian closed mail, 39 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 20 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 27 cents quarter ounce; 54 cents half ounce.
To Sweden, by Prussian closed mail, 49 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 33 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.
To Norway, by Prussian closed mail, 44 cents half ounce, if prepaid.
do by Bremen or Hamburg mail, 38 cents half ounce.
do by French mail, 33 cents quarter ounce; 66 cents half ounce.
To West India Islands, (not British,) except Cuba, Turk's Island, Carthagena, Honduras, San Juan, (Nicaragua), Santa Martha, Venezuela, and St. Thomas, 34 cents half ounce.
To Canada, New Brunswick, Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, 10 cents half ounce, when distance is not over 3000 miles from first crossing; and 15 cents half ounce, if distance exceeds 3000 miles.
To Aspinwall and Panama, 10 cents half ounce, when distance does not exceed 2500 miles; and 20 cents if distance exceeds 2500 miles—prepaid.
To Venezuela and Buenos Ayres, 18 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To Ecuador, Bolivia, and Chili, 34 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To Peru, 22 cents half ounce—prepaid.
To West Indies, British, (except Turk's Island) 10 cents half ounce, if distance does not exceed 2500 miles; if distance exceeds 2500 miles, 20 cents half ounce.
To Sandwich Islands, New South Wales and China, by mail to San Francisco, 24 cents per half ounce—prepaid.
To Japan, 50 cents per half ounce, via Southampton for Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, West Australia, and New Zealand, the rate has been increased to 40 cents per half ounce—prepaid.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD

"LOWER KENNEBEC ROUTE."

Portland and Boston, Kendall's Mills, Waterville, Augusta, Kendall's Mills and Portland.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS leave Skowhegan, Kendall's Mills at 9.25 A. M. and 6 P. M. Arrive at Portland and Boston at 3.45 P. M. and 1.30 A. M.

Returning—the passenger train leaves Portland on arrival of train from Boston, at 11.45 P. M. and leaves Augusta at 4.30 A. M. Connects at Kendall's Mills with train for Bangor and Skowhegan.

Freight Trains leave Skowhegan at 6 A. M., Kendall's Mills at 8.35 A. M. for Portland, and at 2.50 P. M. and Kendall's Mills at 7.05 P. M.

CONNECTION TICKETS

Between Bangor, Carmel, Etna, Newport, Detroit, Pittsfield, Burnham, and all the Stations on the Maine Central Railroad, and Bowdoin, Lewiston, Augusta, Gardiner, Richmond, Bowdoinham, Brunswick, Freeport Stations, on the Portland and Kennebec Railroad, are now sold at all the above mentioned stations, and baggage marked through.

Through Fare from Bangor and all the Stations on the Maine Central Railroad, to Boston, via Portland and Boston, by the Portland and Kennebec Railroad, will be made the same as by the Maine Central and Portland and Kennebec Roads. So also from Portland and Boston to Bangor and all other stations on the Maine Central Railroad.

☞ This is the only route by which Kendall's Mills are regularly passed at Portland. Passengers with through tickets going East will change cars at the Mills, and they arrive at Portland, where passengers are allowed to dine (35 minutes at the Mills) at the Eating-house. Superior and well ventilated cars are run with the through trains.

☞ Fare *as low by this route* as by any other.

W. HATCH, Train Master.

Bangor, Oct. 30, 1865.

Maine Central Railroad.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after November 6th, next, Passenger Trains will leave Bangor for Portland and Boston at 7 A. M., daily, and for Waterville and intermediate stations at 1.30 P. M.

Trains are due at Bangor from Waterville at 11 A. M., and from Portland at 5 P. M.

Through Tickets are sold to Portland and Boston as heretofore.

EDWIN NOYES, Supt.

Waterville, October 30, 1865.

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, the 6th of November, the Trains will run as follows, till further notice:

Leave Bangor at 8 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M.
Leave Milford at 8 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M.
Leave Oldtown at 8½ A. M., 1 P. M. and 6½ P. M.

Bangor, Oct. 30,